PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

No. 54,228.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing Saturday	STEAMERS.	TONS.	CONNECTING AT ADEN WITH	TONS.
2-30 P.M.				
1907.				
12th Oct.	ARABIA	7903		
19th „	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6523
26th „	PERSIA	7951		
2nd Nov†	MACEDONIA	10512	BRITANNIA	6525
9th „	OCEANA	6610		
16th „	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	9021
23rd „	EGYPT	7912		
30th „	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
7th Dec.	MARMORA	10509		
14th „	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
21st „	ARABIA	7903		
28th „	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	9505
1908.				
4th Jan.	PERSIA	7951		
11th „	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
18th „	OCEANA	6610		
25th „	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9505
1st Feb.	EGYPT	7912		
8th „	CALEDONIA	7538	VICTORIA	6522
15th „	ORIENTAL	5284		
22nd „	MACEDONIA	10512		
29th „	ARCADIA	6803		
7th Mar.	CALEDONIA	7538	BRITANNIA	6525
14th „	ARABIA	7903		
21st „	CALEDONIA	7538	MOOLTAN	9021
28th „	PERSIA	7951		
4th Apr.	MARMORA	10509		
11th „	EGYPT	7912		
18th „	CALEDONIA	7538	MOLDAVIA	9505
25th „	MACEDONIA	10512		
2nd May	ORIENTAL	5284	HIMALAYA	6898
9th „	CALEDONIA	7538		
16th „	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd „	ARABIA	7903		

† Proceeds to Plymouth, London, and passengers for Marseilles and Gibraltar change at Port Said to the S. S. "Britannia."

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

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The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on THURSDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and eastern Ports at favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
Bombay, 26th September 1907.

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LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
OCEANIEN	4,143	Magnen	31st Oct. 1907.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	28th Nov. „
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	26th Dec. „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	23rd Jan. 1908.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	20th Feb. „
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	19th Mar. „
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	16th Apr. „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	11th Oct. 1907.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	8th Nov. „
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	6th Dec. „

For further Particulars apply to—

L. BRICARD,
Agent.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Vessels	Tons.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure 1907
YEBOSHI MARU	...	T. Kou	.....	16th Oct.
BIOJUN MARU	...	T. Irisawa	15th Oct.	27th Oct.
TAKASAKI MARU	...	A. Mocker	22rd Oct.	8th Nov.
TOYOMI MARU	...	M. Winckler	9th Nov.	17th Nov.
HITOROFU MARU	...	K. Sato	13th Nov.	27th Nov.
KAGESHIMA MARU	...	T. Arakawa	26th Nov.	4th Dec.
WAKAMIYA MARU	...	H. Takeda	4th Dec.	18th Dec.
KAGOSHIMA MARU	...	K. Kori	17th Dec.	30th Dec. 1908
MOYORO MARU	...	.....	25th Dec.	8th Jan.
YEBOSHI MARU	...	T. Kou	7th Jan	19th Jan.

For Freight apply to—

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager,
Nawazi Buildings, Hornby Row,
Fort, Bombay.

N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed

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SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.
			Route.—Via.
LHASA	2,170	Mon. 14th Oct.	11 a. m. P. D & O.*
DUMRA	1,700	Thur 17th Oct.	9 a. m. Cutch Mandvie.
LINGA	2,170	Frid. 11th Oct.	7 a. m. (direct). *

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on MONDAY, 14th Oct., calling at Veraval, Mangrole and Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Buchire, Mohomera and Basreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 17th Oct., calling for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera and Kowyit also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA,

S. S. "LAWADA," 3,269 tons, on or about 26th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Africa, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
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9th October, 1907.

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CALCUTTA:
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AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co,

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on
KORIBER	6301	A. Foresti	1st Nov.
BOHEMIA	4235	M. Dabcovich	16th „
AFRICA	4596	P. Radesich	1st Dec
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosca	16th „
KOERBER	6301	A. Foresti	1st Jan. 1908
BOHEMIA	4282	M. Dabcovich	16th „
AFRICA	4596	P. Radesich	1st Feb. „
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosca	16th „ „

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about.
* † CHINA	5099	A. de Pebris	25th Dec.
* † F. FERDINAND	6046	C. Matcovich	25th Jan. 1908.
* † NIPPON	6317	F. Tarabocchia	25th Feb. „

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE, VENICE, and Brindisi are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.

RETURN TICKETS, available for the way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced fares.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S S. N. CO.

Return Tickets are issued for the voyage, Bombay to Trieste, by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers Season (March April and May) all the steamers of the Direct Line will call on their Homeward voyage first at Venice and then at Trieste.

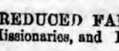
STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
F. FERDINAND	6046	C. Matcovich	25th Oct.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to the

AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House, 86, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.



REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	Date. 1907.
BRITANNIA	R. J. Garrick	3069	16th Oct.
MASSILIA	J. Thomson	5091	6th Nov.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R.	5194	16th „
CIRCASSIA	Alex Haig	6716	3rd Dec.
SCINDIA	Shafto Abrey	5106	17th „
CASTALIA	F. S Blight	6300	7th Jan. 08.
BRITANNIA	R. J Garrick	3069	31st „ „
MASSILIA	J Thomson	5091	12th Feb „
OLYMPIA	C.F.Osborne, R.N.R.	5194	29th „ „
CIRCASSIA	Alex Haig	6,716	18th Mar „
SCINDIA	Shafto Abrey	5,106	26th „ „
CASTALIA	F. S Blight	6,300	11th Ap „
BRITANNIA	R. J. Garrick	3,069	9th „ „
MASSILIA	J. Thomson	5,091	14th May „
OLYMPIA	C.F.Osborne, R.N.R	5,194	27th „ „
CIRCASSIA	Alex Haig	6,716	11th June „
SCINDIA	Shafto Abrey	5,106	25th „ „
CASTALIA	F. S. Blight	6,300	15th July „

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 185
Bombay to Port Said	Rs. 418
Bombay to Marseilles	Rs. 578
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 6 6
Bombay to London from Marseilles and including 1st class rail tickets across the Continent	Rs. 653
Bombay to New York	Rs. 702
Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 990
Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	Rs. 1038

All Return Tickets are available for 2 years
Concession granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

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CUVEE DE RESERVE
EXTRA SEC
CHAMPAGNE,
1900
VINTAGE

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CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

Rs. 2-4-0 per bottle.

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA.
All Wine Merchants,

SOLE AGENTS,
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
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T. HINE & Co.'s
PALE ONE STAR BRANDY.
(Used at the Principal Clubs and Messes)
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Per dozen Quarts ..... Rs. 50
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Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
550	50	27	19
650	59	32	22-8
780	71	38-12	27
985	89-8	48-4	34
1,100	99-12	54-0	38
1,700	154-8	84-0	59
1,850	168-0	91-8	65

NO DEPOSIT REQUIRED.

JULIUS BLUTHNER.
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LTD.,
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TO
H. I. M. THE KING-EMPEROR
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H. E. LORD MINTO, VICEROY OF INDIA.

THE
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FOR OCTOBER, 1907.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
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THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
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POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
STEAM-BOAT AND DAK COMPANIES
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Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1/9d., 2/9, 5/-, 9/- per box.

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ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£11,750,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE	£29,222,600

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BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
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EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LD.
Head Office: BOMBAY.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.
Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies,
WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 PAYABLE AT DEATH.			ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000			Age next Birthday.
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to		Payable at Death or at the end of			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 0	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
25	24 2	53 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
45	43 14	76 7	58 13	...	71 11	56 13	...	45

Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.

E. F. ALLUM,
General Manager.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

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FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Every Class of Business Transacted at Lowest Rates.
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New Prospectus just Issued containing LARGELY REDUCED RATES.
Application for Agencies in unrepresented Mofussil Centres invited.
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AGENTS: T. H. MOORE & Co.,
ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, HUMMUM STREET.
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THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS OVER Rs. 2,75,00,000
INVESTMENTS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
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The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers.

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Total Revenue for 1905 Exceeded £ 3,774,000

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ASSETS EXCEED, 14 Crores of Rupees.
PREMIUM INCOME, 2 Crores of Rupees.
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MASS OF ECZEMA ON LITTLE GIRL

Not Washed for Eight Months, by Doctor's Orders—Was Miserable, Suffering Terribly—Had to Tie Hands to Stop Scratching—Parents Lost Heart, but One Cake of Cuticura Soap and One Box of

CUTICURA TOOK OFF EVERY BIT OF HUMOUR

"I want to let you know what a wonderful cure Cuticura Remedies effected on my little girl. There came a rash over the little one's face when she was a month old. My wife took the child up to the doctor's to see what it was, and he told her it was gum rash. She brought her home and let it go on for a month, but as it got no better I would have her take the child to another doctor's. He told my wife that the baby had get blood eczema and gave her some medicine and ointment, and told my wife not to wash the child. We were doctoring the child for eight months, but she was no better at the end of the eight months than she was when we took her first. You can imagine how miserable the child was, not being washed. We had to tie the little one's hands when we took her to bed, to prevent her from scratching her face, as she made it bleed so if her hands were at liberty. I was recommended to try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, but we were doubtful at first, as we had almost lost heart, but my wife said we had given the doctors a good trial and they had done no good, and the child was so miserable not being washed, so we would give the Cuticura Remedies a trial. The first time my wife washed the child with Cuticura Soap and used Cuticura Ointment our daughter seemed like a new child, as she did not offer to scratch so much and seemed a lot easier. She was one mass of eczema about the face and shoulders, but the first box of Cuticura Ointment and bar of Cuticura Soap took every bit off her. The neighbours said it would come on again, as it had gone off too quick, but the child is three years old now and she has not had any signs of it since. G. Williams, 36 Sea Brook Rd., near Wednesbury, Staffs., Eng., Aug. 26, 1906."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour of Infants, Children, and Adolescents of Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills (Chocolate Coated) to Purify the Blood. A Single Set often Cures. Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Sydney; Lesson, Cape Town, etc.; B. K. Paul, Calcutta; Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., U.S.A. Post-free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

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COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 3" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand: if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla, No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

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With a Special
HILL CLIMBING TEST,
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POONA TO KOLHAPUR,
KOLHAPUR TO MAHABLESHWAR,
MAHABLESHWAR TO BOMBAY.

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OFFERED FOR

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INTENDING COMPETITORS ARE INVITED TO SEND THEIR ENTRIES EARLY.

For Programme of RULES, CONDITIONS of COMPETITION, MAP of ROUTE, etc., etc., Apply to—

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MOTOR UNION OF WESTERN INDIA,
GREEN'S MANSIONS,
Apollo Bunder, BOMBAY.

THE S. S. "UMVOLOSI," SAILING for WEYMOUTH about 23rd instant, has still some accommodation available. For Fares and other particulars apply to—

R. A. WILLIS,
Agent for the Owners,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

MDRAS FINE ARTS EXHIBITION, FEBRUARY, 1908.

PROSPECTUSES may be obtained by application, &c.

EDGAR THURSTON,
GOVERNMENT MUSEUM,
MADRAS.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE Bank will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

R. AITKEN,
Off. Secretary and Treasurer.
BOMBAY, 9TH OCTOBER, 1907.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN AND CO., LD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ad-interim DIVIDEND at the Rate of 12 per cent. per annum, is declared for the half year ending 30th June, 1907, and is payable on and after the 31st day of October, 1907, at the Registered Office, the Carnac Iron Works, opposite Victoria Docks, Frere Road, Bombay, to those Share-holders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 10th day of October 1907, on presentation of Share-Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th to 24th October, 1907, both days inclusive.

D. LONGWORTH,
Secretary and Manager,
ALCOCK ASHDOWN & CO., LD.
BOMBAY, 10TH OCTOBER, 1907.

NOTICE.

THE HARVEY & SABAPATHY Co., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the Resolution passed at the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, held this day, a DIVIDEND of Rs. 50 (Fifty) per Share, equal to 10 per cent. per annum, on the paid up Capital of the Company, free of income tax, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Bruce Lane, Fort, on and after MONDAY, the 14th October, 1907, between the hours of 12 noon and 3-30 P.M. (Standard Time), to those Shareholders of the Company whose names stand on the Register of Shareholders of the Company this day, on production of Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board,
NARAYAN DHONDOBA & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents,
The Harvey and Sabapathy Co., Ltd.
Bombay, 9th October 1907.

NOTICE.

THE SWADESHI HOSIERY & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 2 Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay, on the 17th Instant, at 5-30 P.M. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1ST—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report.
2ND—To elect Directors.
3RD—To appoint an Auditor and to fix his remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
D. B. MAGANBHAI & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

BYCULLA CLUB.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of Members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House on THURSDAY the 10th October, 1907, at 10 p.m.

FRANCIS H. TOD,
Secretary.

DRAFT ADVERTISEMENT.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of STEEL and IRON WORK for the roofing of the New Carriage and Wagon Shops, Lahore, to the total value of about Rs. six lakhs. Drawings and conditions can be obtained from the Office of the Engineer-in-Chief, N.-W. Railway, Lahore, on payment of Rs. 100 which will be returned to *bona fide* Tenderers.

Engineer-in-Chief does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Tenders will be opened at noon on 18th February 1908, at the Office of the Engineer-in-Chief, N.-W Railway, Lahore.

E. W. WALTON, Lt.-Col., R. E.,
Offg. Engineer-in-Chief, N.-W. Railway.
LAHORE, DATED 4TH OCTOBER, 1907.

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ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... 48 Lakhs.
PENSIONS PAID ..... 28 Lakhs.

A PURELY MUTUAL CONCERN enabling all men and women (Christian) to secure monthly pensions for their Nominees. Full particulars from—

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No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

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TO-MORROW, FRIDAY the 11th instant, at 3 p. m. (B. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of Messrs. Phirozsha B. Petit & Co. and on account and risk of Messrs. Ebhrahim Nooroodin & Co:—

500 bales, each 400 lbs., 20s. yarn of the Victoria Mills.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

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BOMBAY, 10TH OCTOBER, 1907.

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They are self adjusting
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No slipping off the Nose.

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MISS GOUHERJAN,
Before returning to Calcutta,
WILL GIVE A GRAND FAREWELL
SOUVENIR CONCERT
TO-NIGHT,
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AT 9-30 (S. T.),

WHEN EVERY HOLDER OF A 5 RUPEE TICKET, Will be presented with a beautiful Portrait of Miss GOUHERJAN,
Taken by Messrs. CLIFTON & Co., Photographers.
Reserved Seats Rs. 5 and Rs. 4. Unreserved Rs. 2.
AN ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME FOR THIS OCCASION.
Tickets can be obtained at SOUNDY & Co., Hornby Road, where a Plan of the Reserved Seats can be seen.

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Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
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OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" "size, containing all the information of previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Town Subscription, yearly Rs. 12, Half-yearly Rs. 7 and Quarterly, Re. 4. Post Rs. 15-13; Rs. 8 and Rs. 5 respectively. English Subscription £1-1-0 per year Post Free.

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THE BISHOP AND HIS CHARGE.—The issue of the *Bombay Gazette* containing our Article on the BISHOP'S VISITATION CHARGE being sold out and many demands made for copies of the same we have reprinted the Article in PAMPHLET FORM.—Price 2 Annas each at this Office.

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Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

MRS. JAMES LEASK (formerly of Bombay) having REMOVED from Edinburgh to "Elmawood," 52, Crystal Palace Park Road, Sydenham, London, S. E., will be glad to TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE of and Superintend the Education of CHILDREN whose parents are in India and abroad. For Particulars apply *Bombay Gazette* Office.

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MAGIC PILLS.
An Excellent Tonic for Young and Old,
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OUR NEW DOMESTIC SENSATIONAL STORY.

CONTAINS GRAPHIC DESCRIPTIONS OF LONDON LIFE AND SCENES, AND A STRONG LOVE INTEREST WITH THRILLING EPISODES.

IT IS WRITTEN BY

ALICE AND CLAUDE ASKEW,

Authors of "The Shulamite," "Anna of the Plains," "The Premier's Daughter," "Eve and the Law," "Jennifer Pontefract," &c., &c.

AND IS ENTITLED

SCARLET TOWN.

COMMENCED IN OUR COLUMNS
ON SEPT. 2ND.

We have pleasure in introducing to our readers this new story which gives us many vivid pictures of present day life and manners in the great city of London. We are invited to see the rich and the poor, and the contrast between the two is well portrayed. Sir Roger Enderby, the hero, is a well-to-do gentleman of easy birth and manners. Ruth Lovatt, the heroine, daughter of a wealthy factory owner, is a direct contrast to the man who loves her. Beauty, wealth and position are hers, but she recks little of these things. Her heart bleeds for those to whose toil she owes all her comfort. Her father is known for a hard man, one who grinds the face of the poor. But Ruth engages in many a mission of tender mercy among them. It is in this way that she meets with Mary Paradyne, who, having forsaken all at the call of duty, stands in strong contrast to the other women of the story, notably Vanna Neal, a woman of wealth and influence, of whose past the world knows nothing, and supposes to be a widow. But unawares to herself, she is really under the thumb of Montague Morrison, a wealthy financier, who, up to a certain point, has done all her bidding. In due course, however, having become apprised of the death of Vanna Neal's husband, he brings the whole weight of that thumb to bear on the valiant lady, and all her pretty scheming and plotting, which has hitherto been so successful, shivers to pieces.

In this indirect fashion Montague Morrison may be considered as the good, though unknown, friend of Ruth Lovatt. She is not fitted to cope with Dame Fortune on her own account, but her friends and her circumstances fight in her favour.

Another most interesting character is Lady Sabina Ford, sister to Ruth's step-mother. She influences Ruth strongly, and proves to be her best friend and adviser. For a forceful personality on the feminine side, she divides the honours with Mary Paradyne but the latter lacks intuition, and her inability to perceive wherein lies the essential difference between Ruth and herself constitutes her a poor adviser, although a good friend.

Among the men she strangest, and in some senses the strongest, character, is Hal Cope, who comes to London thirsting for vengeance. With a view to utilising his services, he has picked up a wretched little gutter-snipe, whose criminal instincts are inborn needing only a little fostering to spring to the light of day. But even he, falling once more under the powerful

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Onipenta, 3,420 tons, Captain W. Hill, will sail to-day for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Lalpoora, 2123 tons, Captain J. Le Brocq, will sail to-day for Calcutta &c. with a general cargo.

THE Japan Line steamer Yeboshi Maru, 2,992 tons, Captain B. Kou, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo and 2 deck passengers.

THE German East Africa Line steamer Bundesrath, 1,326 tons, Captain E. Greewe, arrived in harbour yesterday from Durban, with a general cargo and Mr. Terry and 59 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Karachi &c., with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Miss M. Wilterdenk, Mr. M. B. Suleman, Miss M. Kemp, Miss A. Kemp, Mr. Garal, Mr. G. H. Lary, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Gulam Jabher and 300 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Linga, 938 tons, Captain R. J. Rickford, R. N. R, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi and coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers, Mr. Hirst, Mr. H. Currimji, Mr. and Mrs Cowasji, Mr. Christie, Mr. Moir, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer, Dr. Kaka, Mr. and Mrs. Vissonji and 514 deck.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 8th October, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Lawrence ....Comdr C W Sheame.....R I Marine
R I M S Minto.....Lieut D Goldsmith.....R I Marine
Patrick Stewart.....Capt W A Tindall.....G T S
Three Torpedo Boats.....Royal Navy
In the stream.
R I M S Hardinge ....Lieut C O Campbell .....R I Marine
R I M S Margarita.....Capt W L Kelly.....Pearl Fishery
M I M S Palinurus .....Comdr E S Hicknau .....Survey Boat
R I M S Investigator...Capt W G Beauchamp .....R I Marine
M M S High flyer.....Capt C S Hickley .....R Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—October 9.

Bolimba	2519 Sewell	F Gulf	M M & Co
Capri	4781 Beddo	F & B N Co	
Dwarka	759 Moxon	M M & Co	
Falls of Moness	3457 Ha'e	Shaw Wallace & Co	
Haustonic	2975 Henry	Standard Oil Co	
Ipswich	613 Wallace	Shah S N Co	
John Hardie	3816 McMillen	F Muir & Co	
Lalpoora	2124 Hodgson	Calcutta	M M & Co
Linga	938 Rickford	M M & Co	
Malta	3893 Peters	Shanghai	29-10 P & O Co
Sizzo	2 41 McLennan Turner	M & Co	
Onipenta	3420 Hill	M M & Co	
Peninsular	2919 Palmer	P & O Co	
Seirstad	617 Learsen	Bangkock	F F Campbell & Co
Shahnoor	2763 Foster	Shah S N Co	
Shahjehan	3666 Davison	Shah S N Co	
Shah Najam	2751 Davison	Shah S N Co	
Shah Ameer	1922 Pilling	Shah S N Co	
Shah Nasir	2 58 Grant	Shah S N Co	
Scindia	2050 Mande	M M & Co	
Shah Allum	1917 Davison	Shah S N Co	
Unrolasl	1976 Keen	R A Willes	
Warora	3598 Beddock	M M & Co	

VESSELS IN DOCK—October 9.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
A	Shah Nawaz	3583	Baldoin	Jedda	24-10	The Shah S N Co
B	Chin Farrukhar	3757	Vallop	Chittagong	19-10	F M & Co
C & R	Majidi	1857	Contes	Mauritius	14-10	B & P S & Co
K	Alecto	2341	Hick	Hull via K'chi	16-10	F M & Co
M	Puri	443	Ahmed	F		Bo S N Co
N	Bundesrath	1327	Ulrich	D'bar	11-10	A Stenden
P	King Robert	2334	Saunders	Montyn Deep	12-10	K N & Co
Q	Monsoori	1735	Geddie	Jedda	11-10	B & P S N Co
Zamasin		3780	Dowling			M M & Co

H W P

Bahaduri	529	Fakeera	K'chi	12-10		Bo S N Co
Indravati	813	Fakeera	Mangalore	11-10	Bo S N Co Ld	

VICTORIA DOCK.

2	Britannia	1869	Garrick	L'pool	16-10 W & A G & Co
3	B Balduino	3660	Cogliolo	Genoa	15-10 F & R S N Co
4	Drumcondra	2964	Taylor	A'werp	10-10 W & A G & Co
7	Feshie	2784	Dial	Shanghai	17-10 F & R S N Co
9	Consolidator	2615	Pettinger	D'bar	12-10 W & A G & Co
10 & 11	Devanha	4785	Rice	Shanghai	13-10 P & O Co
13	Arabia	4167	Leigh	London	12-10 P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
9	Bundesrath	Greewe	Durban, Sept 18
	Linga	Rickford	Karachi, Oct 7
	Yeboshi Maru	Kou	Kobe, Aug 30

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
9	R I M S Margarita	Kelly	Tuticorin
	Seirstad	Learsen	Bangkok, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday:—

Steamer Onipenta, Hill, for Calcutta
" Lalpoora, Brocq, for Calcutta
" Dwarka, Moxon, for Persian Gulf, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Dumbea, for Australian ports
" Bundesrath, for Zanzibar, &c

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	From
29	Floriau	Calcutta
Oct.		
4	Chu Maclachlan	Coast
4	Thongwa	Straits
7	Mazagon	Karachi

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

7	Nairung	Calcutta
7	Jelunga	Calcutta
8	Fallbeau	Negapatam
8	Patamcotta	Rangoon
9	Clan Alpine	Liverpool
10	Nadia	Bombay
10	Neidenfels	Antwerp
11	Biojun Maru	Penang
15	Maria Valerio	Trieste

The dates are approximate only.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCT. 9.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia s—2,000 cwts linseed Glade and Co; 200 cwts cashewnuts R Jeewandas; 375 cwts wheat flour, and 600 cwts wheat sweeping H Kanji.

FOR GLASGOW.

Britannia s—12 bales twist W and A Graham and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—2 bundles carpets G P Stavridas and Co; 3 bales carpets The Ajmere Import and Export Co Ld; 6 bales carpets M J Hassoms and Co; 12 bales skins K B Sajan; 6 cwts dryseeds Birtie Smith and Co; 18 cwts fishmaws R Danjee and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Arabia s—1 bale carpets Flemming Shaw and Co; 1 bale carpets, G P Shavridas and Co.

FOR GHENT.

Alecto s—140 bales twist J A Begbie and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Coniscliffe s—2,001 cwts poppyseed A Blascheck and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Drumcoddras; 2,941 cwts rapeseed Worman and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Britannia s—1000 cwts gum G Sajpal.

FOR GENOA.

D Co Balduino s—200 bales cotton J A Begbie and Co; 18 bales twist B Gorio and Co; 2,000 cwts linseed A Blascheck and Co; 48 bales cotton A Marits and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Devanha s—50 bales twist The Miteni B Kaisha; 314 bales twist G Cotton and Co; 400 bales C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—800 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co.

THE Guildford Guardians have received a letter from a man living at St. Gerrard, British Columbia, who wants a wife, and wishes them to help him to get one. "I guess," he says, "some of you gentlemen knows of some nice girl who would like a husband. I am in a position to live comfortable, but I ain't a millionaire. I am a tradesman, and have got a good job and earning 5dols. a day, or, in English money, about a pound, and if I get a good helpmate I am going to start a business of my own. I am an Englishman. . . . I am 26 years of age and big and strong, stand 6ft. in my socks, weigh 13st., am of a dark complexion, ain't bad looking—seems like selling a horse, don't it? Well, I kinder guess I am putting myself for sale all right. Well, if you know of a nice girl who stands anything from 5ft. 6in. up to 6ft., and who ain't bad looking, and has got nice ways and disposition—I don't want an angel, but a sensible girl, about 20 to 23 years old—don't care whether she is dark or fair." The guardians decided to take no action in the matter.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot 91 Farringdon Road, London, England.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *October 8.*] [BOMBAY, *October 9.*

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	82 1/8		5 1/8
2½ do. Rentes	94 1/2	un	chgd
2½ do. Sterling Loan	89 3/4		1/4
3½ do. Govt. Securities	84 9/16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	30		1/8
Do. do. 2 months' hence	30 1/4		1/8
Do. in New York	65		1/4
Exchange on London at Paris	25·12		—1
Do. do. do. Berlin	20·48	1/4	
Do. do. do. New York	4·85 7/8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1/2	since	15 Aug
Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	4	un	chgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	4 1/4	un	chgd
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills	4 1/2	un	chgd
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills	4 3/4	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 2/4		1/4
Do. 7-day Market Loans	3	un	chgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) ... 1s. 3 29/32d unchgd

COTTON.

Liverpool:—

Spots	Good business.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	Quiet.
Manchester	Steady.
Total Sales	10,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export	1,000 "
Imports	3,000 "
Mid-Americans	6·67 +06
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 1/16 unchgd.

Future Delivery Prices—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·15	6·08	6·05	6·03
+10	+10	+10	+09
Feb.-Mar.	**Mar.-Apl.**	**Apl.-May.**	**May-June**	**June-July**
6·02	6·02	6·02	6·02	6·02
+08	+07	+07	+07	+07

New York—

Receipts at U. S. Ports	53,000	bales.
Do. do. last year	84,000	"
Exports to Great Britain	4,000	"
Do. to Continent	4,000	"

Spot Cotton—11·65 —05

Futures—Month of Dec. 11·17—05 } Advanced early owing to daily weather reports show too much rain and declined later through liquidation.

Do. do. of Mar. 11·18—01

New Orleans:—
Spot Cotton.—11 1/2 unchanged.
Futures—Month of December ... 11·10 —01
Do. do. January ... 11·13 —01
Closing Tone of Futures.—Quiet.

NEILL BROTHERS REPORT.

Acreage 34,000,000. Yield much depends on frost.

WHEAT.

Red Karachi—41¼—New-Terms—Oct.-Nov.—London—Sellers—Canal.
Tone of Wheat.—Quieter.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.
Linseed:—
Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship 49½ Oct.-Nov.—Hamburg—Sellers—Canal.
Tone of Linseed—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6½ unchgd.
Rubber:—
Para Rubber 4s. 2d. Value.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value	From	Vessel.	Importer.
	Rs.			
1 Case Soys	45,000	London	Persia	Cox's Shipping Agency Ld
1 Parcel Soys	3,670	Melbourne	Malta	W Asomall & Co
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	1,51,391	do	do	Chartered Bank
1 Box Gold Coins	2,925	Aden	Peninsular	M S Sadrani
1 Bundle Rupees	2,000	Bahrein	Bulimba	A A Basam

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [8TH OCTOBER, 1907.

FINANCIAL.

Money:—
The Market remains easy. Not better than 3 per cent. can be obtained for two months' deposits.

Exchange:—
Being Council Bill day the Banks as usual closed early. Only a small business has been reported and rates are unchanged at 1-4 for demand Bank bills and 1-4 7-33 for 3 months' sight credits for near delivery. Bills have been scarce, but there were some forward buyers and 1-4 3-33 T. T. was done for delivery, December to February. Far Eastern rates are weak.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	... ...	1s. 3 31/32d.
Demand Draft	... ...	1s. 4d.
Credits— 3 months' sight	...	1s. 4 7/32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	...	1s. 4 7/16d.
Do. 2 months' sight—France		170
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks		120
Hongkong—30 days' sight	...	155
Yokohama—30 days' sight	...	150 1/4
Shanghai—30 days' sight	...	318

Government Paper:—
The Market opened at 97 1-8 ready and 97 for the settlement. There was not so much life in the market to-day, and as some of the big brokers were selling rates were 1-16 down at the close.
Calcutta market is slightly firmer, their quotations being advised as 97 for ready and 96 7-8 for delivery forward in two months.
We quote:—

Cash	... ...	Rs. 97-1
1st Settlement	... ...	" 96-15

Bullion:—
On Tuesday the price of Bar Silver in London was again weak and at the close the quotations were 30 for ready and 30 1-4 for forward bars. New York was 1-4 down to 65. Locally the market opened weak at 76 7-16 ex-duty, but the speculators became buyers and forced rates up to 76 3-4 ex-duty. The forward market closes as under. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

	Rs	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	2	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	1	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns ...	15	0	0
English Dragon Sovereigns ...	15	0	0
Silver as Duty—Ready ...	76	12	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	76	12	0
Ditto 2nd " ...	76	15	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—
Our market has been weak during the day and prices have gradually given way under the influence of speculators, both here and from up-country, selling and securing profits against previous purchases. Broach opened at Rs. 276 and declined to Rs. 274, while fine M. G. Bengals and fully good Bengals ("Sutta") which were this morning quoted at Rs. 317 and Rs. 304 repectively, were sold this afternoon at Rs. 314 and Rs. 300. A fair amount of business has been done by the bazaar in settlements. The market closes steadier as under. An export house is reported to have sold a line of New M. G. Etawah (on sample) to a Japan-shipper at Rs. 230 for October delivery.
Ready cotton is steady, and a fair business was reported at Colaba by shippers and Mills.

NEW CROP.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	284 1/2	March 08.
Good M. G. Broach	275 1/2	"
Fine " Nagpur Kampti	242/4	January 08
" " Damangaum-Pulgaum	228/9	"
" " Khangaum-Akola	228/9	"
" " Amraoti	228/9	"
" " Muttia	215	"
F.G.M.G. Khandesh	211	"
Fine M. G. "	220	"
" " Bengals	215/16	"
F. G. H. G.	202	"

Liverpool Opener:—

Opening Tone	...	...	...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	...	...	...	10,000 bales.
Total Imports	...	...	...	.....

Future Delivery Prices:—

O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.
6·14	6·07	6·04	6·02	6·02
—01	—01	—01	—01	unchgd
M.-A.	**A.-M.**	**M.-J.**		**J.-J.**
6·02	6·02	6·02		6·02

Unchanged.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed:—
The market is firmer owing to native speculators countering operations. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	8 8 0	B.T.
New Crop April-May ...	"	8 15 0	B.T.

Rapeseed:—
The market is steady, but there is little business doing. We quote:—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs.	9 12 0	
Yellow Guzerat	"	10 12 0	

Gingellyseed:—
There are no sellers, but nominal rates are:—

Bold White 85 p. c.	Rs.	61 8 0	
" " 75 p. c.	"	60 0 0	

Poppyseed:—
Market quiet but steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	12 0 0	

Castorseed:—

	Rs.	39 0 0	

Tone—Firm.

Cottonseed:—

	Rs.	23 0 0	

Tone—Firm.

Mowrasee:—

	Rs.	6 0 0	B.T.

Tone—Steady.

Wheat:—
The market is firm and we quote:—

White Delhi, Oct.-Nov.	Rs.	6 1 0	
New White Delhi, Apl.-May.	"	6 0 0	

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks:—

Bombay	1375
India	62 1/2
Indian Specie Bank	47 1/2

Mills:—

David	391 1/4
Kohinoor	730
Manockji Petit	3,140

Miscellaneous:—

Badham Pile and Co.	129
Bombay Steam Nav. Pref. ...	280
Colaba Land and Mill	1,027 1/2
Treacher and Co	565

Railways:—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	575
Amritsar-Patti	111
Tapti-Valley	482 1/2

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	304	bales.
Wheat	11,624	cwts.
Linseed	1,789	"
Rapeseed	809	"
Gingellyseed	1,732	"
Poppyseed	1,129	"
Groundnuts	96	"
Castorseed	7,870	"
Rice	3,485	"
Myrabollams	829	"
Cottonseed	3,806	"
Mowrasee	1,204	"
Gram	208	"
Joowar	476	"
Maize	Nil	

Quotations Received by Wire.

MADRAS, OCTOBER 9.

The following are the London quotations have been received by special cablegram through Messrs. Scott and Tod, to-day:—

Mines.	Share.	Paid up.	Buyers.	Sellers.
Anantapur Gold	£1	16s.	£1 1 3	£1 5 0
Balaghat (Ord)	£1	£1	£0 9 6	£0 10 9
Balaghat (Pref)	£1	£1	£0 17 6	£1 0 0
Champion Reefs	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	£0 6 3	£0 8 9
Hunter Gold	£1	15s. 4d.	£0 2 0	£0 2 6
Dec. G. P. Dev	£1	4s. 9d.	£0 1 0	£0 1 6
Dhar. Gold Mines	£1	£1	£1 6 0	£1 9 6
Dharwar Reefs	£1	£1	£0 10 0	£0 11 3
G. F. Mysore	£1	£1	£0 1 0	£0 2 0
Glenrock, Ind	10s.	9s. 9d.	£0 9 0	£0 1 3
G. P. Dharwar	£1	£1	£0 8 3	£0 9 3
Huttil	£1	£1	£1 5 6	£1 11 0
Hyderabad Dec	£3	£3	£2 3 6	£2 5 0
Ind. Mines Syn	4s.	3s.	£0 0 3	£0 0 9
Kempinkoti New	5s.	5s.	£0 2 9	£0 1 6
Mysore Gold	10s.	10s.	£5 7 6	£5 12 6
Mysore Reef Ord	£1	£1	£0 0 3	£0 0 9
Mysore West	£1	19s.	£0 0 6	£0 1 0
Mysore Wynaad	£1	19s.	£0 0 6	£0 1 0
Nundydroog	10s.	10s.	£0 19 6	£1 1 3
Oregum (Ord)	10s.	10s.	£0 6 3	£0 7 0
Oregum (Pref)	10s.	9d.	£0 10 0	£0 11 0
Rhoi Block	£1	£1	£0 0 6	£0 1 3
Sangli (New)	£1	18s.	.....	£0 0 3
Topuldodi	£1	15s.	£0 6 9	£0 8 3

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, Oct. 10.

* * * *
* * * *

30TH RIFLE MEETING.

There will be a General Meeting of the Rifle Association at the B V A Club on Monday, the 14th instant, at 7 p. m. All members interested in shooting are requested to attend.

NOTICE.

A Smoking Concert will be held at the No 2 Company's Head Quarters Nesbitt Lane, Byculla, next Saturday 12th October at 8-30 p.m.

Members and their friends are cordially invited to be present, Uniform—Khaki or Mess Kit.

30TH PROFICIENCY CLASS.

Parade at the Saluting Battery Apollo Bunder on Saturday the 12th instant at 5 p. m.
Dress—Plain clothes.

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, COMMANDING R. V. R.

Bombay, Oct. 10.

264. Detail for the week ending Saturday the 12th instant,
Thursday the 10th—Semaphore Drill in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 7 a. m.
II.—" I " Coy, Parade on company parade ground at 7-45 a. m.
III.—" " Coy Parade on company parade ground at 4-15 p. m.
IV.—" M " Coy, Parade on company parade ground at 3-15 p. m.
V.—"D" Coy will parade in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 5 p. m.
Dress—Drill Order, plain clothes.
VI.—Practice for Buglers at St. Mary's College, Byculla, at 3 p. m.
Friday the 11th—" E " Coy. (John Connon School) parade at 3-30 p. m. on company parade ground.
II.—All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters at 7 p. m.
III.—School of Arms, at the Y M C Association at 7 p. m.
IV.—Musketry The Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for practice for the Viceroy's Cup Competition Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a. m.
Subject for all companies as per programme, Section 27 to 44 Infantry Training 1905, and Care of Arms.
Saturday the 12th—The Musketry The Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar is placed at the disposal of O C " C " Coy for Class Firing Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a. m.
265.—Sunday the 13th—Musketry The Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing Train eave Victoria Terminus at 6 a. m.
266. Enrolments—The undermined having been enrolled is taken on the strength and posted to "E" Company:—No 4841 Cyclist J V Hildreth
267. Issue of Arms—Arms and Equipment will be issued to members of the Corps at Head-Quarters, between the hours of 7 a. m and 5 p. m daily except Sundays.
268—Extract from "Gazette of India" Army Department dated 30th September 1907 is published for information:—
No 814—Bombay—Yeo. Sigs. Lieutenant Richard Winterfield resigns his commission Dated 13th August 1907.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HOGARTH—October 3, at Chulsa, Duars, the wife of W. R. Hogarth, of a daughter.
THOM—September 29, at Dhendai, Assam, the wife of A. B. Thom, of a son.

DEATHS.

DEVENISH-MEARES—October 5, at the General Hospital, Calcutta, Basil Devenish-Meares, B. E. I., A. M. I. C. E., 2nd son of Joseph Leycester Devenish-Meares, of Meares Court, Co. Westmeath, Ireland, aged 28 years.
IRONSIDE—October 6, in Calcutta, very suddenly, Durward Clayton Allan, infant son of William Allan Ironside.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 31m. Sun sets, 6h. 21m. High water, 0-50m., 0-50a. Low water, 6-39m, 6-53a.
Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p.m.
Miss Gohar Jan's Concert, Town Hall, 9-30 p. m.
Byculla Club, special general meeting, 10 p. m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Oct. 7th, New Moon, 3h. 50-6m. p.m.; Oct. 14th, First Quarter, 3h. 32-0m, p.m.; Oct. 21st. Full Moon, 2h. 46-5m. p m.; Oct., 29th, Last Quarter, 7h 21-5m. p.m.; Oct., 14th, in Perigee, 78h. p. m.; Oct., 28th, in Apogee, 2 7h. p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Friday, October 11.—P. and O. steamer Persia, with English mails of 27th ultimo, due to arrive at 6 a.m. Sun rises, 6h. 31m.; Sun sets, 6h. 20m.; High water, 1-32m., 1-28a. Low water, 7-17m., 7-27a.
Saturday, October 12.—Distribution of prizes, Society for Promotion of Education among the masses, Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, 5-39 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 32m.; Sun sets, 6h. 19m.; High water 2-19m., 2-10a.; Low water, 8-1m., 8-6a.
Sunday, October 13.—20th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 32m.; Sun sets, 6h. 19m.; High water, 3-12m., 3-1a.; Low water, 8-56m., 8-54a.
Monday, October 14.—Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company, 5 Green Street, 3 p.m. Bombay Philharmonic Society, Practice, Mendelssohn's Elijah, Town Hall, 6 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 32m. Sun sets, 6h. 18m. High water, 4-16m. 4-8a.; Low water, 10-15m. 10-11a.
Tuesday, October 15.—Central India Spinning, Weaving, and Manufacturing Co., Nasaari Buildings, 3-30 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 32m. Sun sets, 6h. 17m. High water, 5 40m., 5-40a. Low water, 0 40m., 11-50a.
Wednesday, October 16.—Hindu Dassara, Bank holiday. Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports. Sun rises, 6 h. 33m. Sun sets 6h. 16m. High water, 7-9m., 7-20a.; Low water, 1-50a.

BATHING FATALITY.—A Hindu lad named Vanmali Chunilal (9), whilst bathing in the Mumbadevi Temple Tank, on Tuesday, went beyond his depth and was drowned.

GOHAR JAN'S SOUVENIR CONCERT.—The gifted Bengali Songstress, Miss Gohar Jan, will appear probably for the last time this season before the Bombay Public, in the Town Hall, to-night. It is announced that every holder of a five-rupee ticket will be presented with a copy of Miss Gohar Jan's latest photograph as a souvenir of her visit to Bombay.

MUSIC AT GREEN'S.—The following programme of music will be played at Green's Garden, from 7 to 9 p m, to-day:—

March	Franz-Josef—Gung'l
Overture	Le Chevalier Breton—Herman
Valse	In Southern Seas—Savasta
Selection	The Runaway Girl—Caryll
Mazurka	La Czarine—Ganne
Gavotte	Tyrone—Ellenberg
Valse	Valencia—A Moore
Galop	Vienna to Paris—Kral

BAND AT THE ST. GEORGE HOSPITAL.—By kind permission of Lt.-Colonel J. S. McNeill, V. D., and Officers of the 1st Batt., the G. I. P. Railway Volunteer String Band will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 5-30 p. m. to-day:—

March	The Lions Bride—C B Price
Overture	La Couronne Dore—Heimann
Selection	The Earl and the Girl—Monckton
Valse	Auf Glatten Flucht—Hermann
Selection	I'l Travoiore—Verdi
2 Coke Walk	Hello Ma Baby—T H Gaggs

PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL FUND.—The Secretary begs to announce the following contributions towards the above-named Fund:—Amount previously announced Rs. 9,94,860-5-0, in memory of the late Bai Avabai Framji Dinsha Petit; from the monies announced in her Oothamna ceremony as per following details: Mr. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit and family, for a bed in the name of the deceased, Rs. 5,000; Bai Hirabai Jamsedji Patit, from the contribution of Rs. 3,000 announced in her name, Rs. 1,000; Bais Meherbai and Bachubai, and Messrs. Cursetji and Nusserwanji the children of the late Bai Bhikhaiji Dady. N. Dadyseth, Rs. 500, half of their contributions announced in the Oothamna ceremony—Bai Bachubai Merwanji Sorabji Jamsedji, Rs. 500; Bai Hamabai Framji Cama, Rs. 250; Bai Manockbai Piroshe Bomanji Jijibhoy, Rs. 250; Bais Bachubai, Cooverbai, and Merbai, daughters of the late Bai Ruttonbai F. Panday Rs. 250. Mr. Irani Hormas Sheriar Rs. 101; Mr. P. Byramjee Rs. 100; "P. S. M." Rs. 100; collected in the collection box at the Towers of Silence on Roje Farvandin, Mah Farvandin, Rs. 46-3; Mr. Spittania K. R. Cama in sad memory of the late Mr. Jehangir P. Cama Rs. 25; sent direct to the Trustees of the Parsee Panchayet as below: Mr. Piroshe F. Surty in the Oothamna ceremony of his late mother-in-law Bai Bhicaiji D. Bhagwager Rs. 15, Mr. Hormasji K. Sanjana in memory of his late mother Bai Veerbaijee Rs. 5, in memory of the late Bai Avabai D. Choksy Rs. 5; Mr. Jijibhoy H. Devacha Rs. 15.—Total Rs. 10,03,022-8.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT "DONGOLA."

THE Hired Transport "Dongola," under the Command of Captain E. R. Donell, arrived in harbour, yesterday evening from Southampton, which port she left on the 21st September and called at Port Said and Suez. She brought drafts and furlough men, consisting of 71 officers, 14 ladies, 17 children, 13 warrant officers, 18 women, and 15 children, 1,408 non-commissioned officers and men, 76 women, and 49 children. During the voyage two children died on the 6th instant.
The following are the names of the officers:—

Col Wilson Staff	Lieut Ware, 14th Sikhs
Major Webb, East Lanc	Lieut Channer, 14th Sikhs
Major Bell, Durham L I	Lieut Bange, 17th Cavalry
Major Maxwell, Lincolns	Lieut Carr-Jp 30th Horse
Capt and Bt Major Cobb, Oxford L I	Lieut Prescott, 69th Punjabis
Lieut Col Barefoot, R A M C	Lieut Ford, 105 Maharattas
Lieut Frayer, R A M C	Lieut Mackintosh, 6th Cavalry
Captain Richmond, R A M C	2nd Lieut J V Godfrey Worcester
Captain Wethered, R A M C	Lieut Moe, 6th D Guards
Lieut Smyth, R A M C	Lieut Beattie 6th D Guards
Lieut Bond, R A M C	Lieut Rabe, 1st R Dragoons
Lieut, Hole R A M C	Lieut Toynbee Lincs
Captain Sudds, A D D	Lieut W E C Terry, 3 Oxford L I
Captain Bankers, Manchester	Lieut Whitmack, Scots L I
Captain, L E Ward Oxford L I	Lieut Dalliard L I
Captain Harefall, W Riding Regt	Lieut Peake, W Riding Regt
Captain Burch, R Dragoons	Lieut Butler, R E R Corps
Captain F C Wyatt, R G A	Lieut Carter R Lancaster
Captain Collins, Ord Dept	Lieut Lane R Lancaster
Lieut Davis, R E R Corps	Lieut Daberley, R F A
Lieut F W S Murray, 15 L

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All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, OCT. 10, 1907.

INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

THE text of a memorial which reached us for Johannesburg was published in our issue of yesterday, setting forth the grievances of the Indian Mussalmans in the Transvaal. The British Indian subjects in South Africa have a grievance, but the Mahomedan section claims especial sympathy inasmuch as under the new Asiatic Law Amendment Act certain restrictions apply to them and to Turkish Mahomedans, whereas Turkish Christians and Jews are exempted. "The Act, indeed, applies to all Indians" says the memorial, "and, therefore, the whole of the Indian public is concerned with it. But it applies with double rigour to the Mahomedans, in that it specially insults our religion and hurts the self-respect of Mahomedan Indians more than others, in that they form the wealthier and more respectable portion of the community. We may state that, fortunately, in South Africa there is no antipathy between Mahomedans and Hindus. We all live together in peace and friendship as Indians and associate together with freedom and carry on a joint battle against prejudice and oppression against us." So there would appear to be no reason why one section of British Indian subjects should suffer greater disabilities than the other. *Indian Opinion* compares the old law and the new. It shows that under previous legislation Malays were subject to Law 3 of 1885; under the new law they are exempted. Says our contemporary: "Many Indians have Malay wives and relatives. The position of such Indians when they meet their Malay relatives can be better imagined than described." Under the old law every Asiatic in possession of a permit, *bona fide* obtained, is a full-fledged and lawful resident of the Transvaal; under the new law he becomes dispossessed of his title and the burden of showing that the permit lawfully held by him was not fraudulently obtained is thrown on him to entitle him to receive the new registration certificate. An Asiatic child born since the 31st day of May, 1902, in the Orange River Colony under the old law, was entitled to enter and remain in the Transvaal. Under the new law such child is debarred. Present permits held by Asiatics entitle them to enter and reside in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony. Asiatics holding permits to reside in the Orange River Colony are no longer free to enter the Transvaal on the strength thereof. Current permits could formerly not be changed without the consent of the holders. They are now subject to alteration at the will of the Government. Asiatic children were not required to take out permits. The guardian of such child is now bound, under heavy penalty, to have particulars of identification of such child, no matter how young, endorsed on his registration. When the child reaches the age of eight years, the guardian is bound again to approach the Registrar and take out registration for such child, furnishing further particulars as to identification, etc. Minors at present in the Transvaal were entitled to remain without a permit, and are not liable to leave the country on attaining majority. Now all such boys on reaching the age of 16 are liable to be deported unless they obtain from the Registrar registration certificates, the granting of which is at his discretion.

Even a Kaffir policeman may demand the production of certificate and particulars of identification, which may be fixed by regulation from time to time. Such policeman may, notwithstanding, take the Asiatic to the nearest police station, where the same enquiry may be repeated, and, if the Officer at the Station is not satisfied, he may detain the Asiatic in the cell overnight. An Asiatic could formerly demand a trade licence as a right against payment without production of permit, but now no Asiatic may receive such licence unless he produces his registration certificate and furnishes means of identification, as may be prescribed by regulation. If, therefore there are partners in any Asiatic firm the Licensing Officer may insist upon the presence of all the partners and submit them to a humiliating examination before giving them their licence. Any Asiatic was free to employ any other Asiatic, but now any Asiatic who brings into the Colony an Asiatic under the age of 16—even his son—without a permit for him, or who employs such child is liable to be heavily fined or sent to gaol, and to have his own right to reside in the Transvaal cancelled. The Registrar practically becomes the master of Asiatics with almost unlimited power over their personal liberty. Asiatic having such certificates, a father having his son's register, are bound to deliver same by post under pain of being fined £50 or in default, sent to gaol. An additional point to be noted is that the new Law does not apply to Kaffirs, to Cape boys, and Christian subjects of the Turkish Empire, whereas it applies to the Mahomedan subjects of that Empire and it thus insults Indians and their religion in a cold-blooded manner. It reduces them to a state of serfdom although belonging to civilised countries. It reduces them to a position lower than that of the Kaffirs, Cape boys, and Malays. It puts a premium on fraud. It might" the petitioners think "have occurred to the framers of the Law that there is nothing to prevent an Asiatic impersonating a Malay or a Cape boy."

South African papers publish long accounts of a representation made to the Colonial Secretary on the subject of the same Asiatic Act by some leading Indian people of Pretoria, Standerton, Pietersburg and Middleburg, urging the modification of the regulation issued under Law 2 of 1907 in so far as they affect details of working, without involving vital questions, the discussion of which, their agents have already been given to understand is futile. These leading people "of the most influential class" of British Indian subjects express themselves willing to register if their objections on several points can be met. In the first place, as to the examination of permits otherwise than in the cases of suspected criminals, they object to the indignity of being hauled up in the public street by any white policeman with the request "where's your pass?" just as if they were Kaffirs, whereas they are considerable employers of Kaffir labour. This they rightly argue, is bound to degrade them to the level of Kaffirs. All they want from the Government, therefore, is for Asiatic permit purposes to have a few special Inspectors, who should be instructed in other than suspected cases or cases of crime not to demand inspection of the permits of Asiatics in the streets. They have no objection to such Special Inspectors even taking thumb impressions. In the second place with regard to the giving of thumb prints on the applications for licences at Revenue offices, they fear that in other places than Pretoria this power may become an engine of corruption and extortion in the hands of unscrupulous junior officials. They have had sad experience in the past and fear for the future. They suggest, therefore, that this provision be so amended that where the official is satisfied as to the identity of the applicant for a licence by signature or by description tallying with the Registration Certificate, no finger-impression shall be required, but where this cannot be given, the said official can require a thumb-impression in respect of a first application for a new licence but not for renewals of such licence, where the licensee can write, in which cases the receiver shall be satisfied with the signature of the applicant. In the third place, under the old Asiatic Law, 25 temporary permits are in existence in the Transvaal. There are some held by clerks with special qualifications imported for certain businesses and by others to replace those who have left their employment. The Priest of Pretoria holds one; and the elephant-keeper at the Zoo holds another. The petitioners would like to have an assurance that the door will be kept open for similar purposes under the Temporary Permits section of the new Law. It is, they point out, sometimes impossible, owing to many causes, effectively to continue an Indian merchant's business without the aid of a specially trained expert clerk from India and it cannot appreciably increase the number of Asiatics in the country. In the fourth place they ask an assurance that children will not be torn away from parents and guardians there and repatriated to India, because they did not register under the old law owing to their tender years and some decisions of the Supreme Court that registration below a certain age was not necessary. And in connection with the children again, they pray if it be not possible to suspend the giving of particulars and registration of such until they are sixteen and majors in the eyes of the Mahomedan law and are then responsible for their own acts. Lastly, they ask if it be not possible to still allow exemption from the Regulation requirement as to finger-prints on the Application Form also, in the cases of applicants who can write their signatures satisfactorily in English characters as the Natal Immigration Department is satisfied with a mere description without even requiring a signature. It is undoubtedly unfair to our fellow subjects in South Africa that they should be subjected to such indignities in spite of all promises that British subjects shall be equals the world over. It may be right and just that the self-governing colonies should endeavour to secure a splendid inheritance for white people, but, as the *Times* observed, commenting on the anti-Hindu demonstration at Bellingham, there is a point beyond which precaution becomes prejudice and it cannot be pretended that the presence of twelve thousand Indians is a menace to the Transvaal. Their claim is only fair. They ask for nothing which is not their due. Meantime so far as labour is concerned South Africa is suffering from want of which India could easily supply. But the Government of India will certainly not assist Governments which deal so unjustly with the people under its care.

THE LATE PROFESSOR MASSON.

By the death of Professor David Masson at the age of eighty-five another venerable figure is removed from among contemporary Englishmen of letters. Samuel Smiles, who was ten years his senior, died some time ago at the patriarchal age of over ninety. Only Sir Theodore Martin, Masson's contemporary at the Edinburgh University seventy years ago, still survives, having entered on his ninety-second year only three weeks ago. The late Professor Henry Morley, who succeeded Masson in the chair of English Literature in King's College, London, in 1865, was almost exactly of this same age being only ten week's his senior; but Morley died thirteen years ago, whilst Masson has survived till this week. Masson was appointed to lecture on English literature in the London University more than half a century ago in 1853, and he taught there for twelve years till 1865. He succeeded in this chair the poet Arthur Hugh Clough, the brilliant pupil at Rugby of Thomas Arnold, and the subject, after his death in 1862, of the admirable elegy of Matthew Arnold called *Thyrsis*. But Clough led a somewhat rambling life and did not do much work, and Masson had to reorganise the teaching of English literature in London. During the twelve years that he occupied this chair he greatly stimulated the study of this subject, and gave up the work, to be continued by Henry Morley, because he was called to his native country to a similar post in the Edinburgh University. He held this post for full thirty years, resigning it in 1895 when he was nearly seventy-five. He gave place to a younger man who has distinguished himself in English letters just as much as himself—Mr. George Saintsbury who still holds the place. A little before, he retired from the Edinburgh University, Masson was nominated in 1895 to succeed Dr. William Skene, the eminent historical writer, as Historiographer Royal for Scotland, a purely honorary post which he continued to hold till his death. His claim to be appointed by the late Queen to this post was based on his edition of the Register of the Privy Council of Scotland, a laborious and important historical work of which he published twelve volumes in twenty years, from 1880 to 1899.

Professor Masson, though Historiographer Royal, was much more a literary and critical writer than a historian. His only original work which can be called historical, is his life of Milton, which is indeed a great work, partly historical and partly biographical. On this he laboured for more than twenty-five years, publishing his sixth and last volume in 1880. But the final volume, which is to contain an elaborate index,—very necessary for such a voluminous and minute work—is not yet published. Of some of the early volumes, he had already published a revised edition. But the whole work with the promised index volume needs to be revised and republished, as it is a standard work in which the political, religious and social history of England during a very eventful epoch, is narrated with great care and accuracy. Unfortunately he made a mistake in selecting the central person round whom all his history is grouped; for Milton is not a striking personality in the political events of his time, however largely he may figure in literature as a poet. Milton's soul, as Wordsworth beautifully said, was like a star and lived apart and he does not make a good hero of a historical work treating of his times. Hence the life of Milton failed of its mark in spite of the great care bestowed upon it. Had he grouped all his vast knowledge and minute learning on some other figure, say Cromwell, his work would have stood much better chance of success. As it is, the six ponderous volumes lie neglected on the shelf, though most valuable. The late Professor Gardiner, the greatest authority on the English history of that period, praised it highly and refers to it often in his history But Milton seems to have been the great hero of Professor Masson, and he may be said to have devoted his long life to an elucidation not only of his biography but of his works also. He published the best edition extant of his poetry, the Cambridge Edition, in three large volumes, with elaborate notes and essays on his style and language. He also abridged this great edition for ordinary readers. He would have done well also to have abridged his life of the poet and brought it within the reach of ordinary readers who cannot afford the time and trouble of going through the six volumes of which it at present consists. As for the rest of his work, it was of a miscellaneous nature, and consists mostly of lectures. The most noteworthy is his edition of DeQuincey, in fourteen volumes, which he published very late in life, and which is now the standard collection of the works of the "English Opium-Eater." He had previously published an excellent study of DeQuincey in Mr. John Morley's original English Men of Letters Series, and also in the Encyclopædia Britannica.

ORIENTAL ART.

THE encouragement of oriental and especially Indian Art is a subject to which we have directed attention on more than one occasion, and it is with pleasure, therefore, that we learn of a strong effort which is being made in this direction in Calcutta. A notification received from the Indian Society of Oriental Art makes an appeal for help in an Exhibition of ancient and modern Oriental paintings and Artistic process-work, which is to be held in Calcutta in January. Though we doubt not that the Society will be glad of financial assistance, it is not for this that the appeal is made, but for the loan of old and modern paintings of all kinds. An important part of the scheme is that, apart from the ordinary prizes and diplomas, the Society offers two Scholarships of Rs. 15 per month, tenable for three years, and also a few travelling burses. The Society has secured the services of Mr. Abanindro Nath Tagore, and if students of sufficient merit be discovered they will be placed under his charge. Attention is drawn by the promoters to the lack of a thorough knowledge and proper application of Indian classics and history, and the subjects for the scholarships are arranged to awaken an interest in these directions. The subjects are divided into four classes. The first of these deals with Hindu classics, and a choice of three subjects is given :—(*a*) The Slaying of "Vritrs," the rain-withholding cloud which is rent by lightning by Indra, (*b*) "Kausalya," the mother of Rama, blessing him before his banishment, and (*c*) any subject from "Meghdutam," the Cloud Messenger of Kalidasa. The next, historical, section is far wider in its scope. The first subject is Prince Dara being led as a captive through the streets of Delhi and his last act of charity to a fakir; (*b*) the death of the Emperor Humayun, (*c*) any subject from the History of the Deccan under Moslem rule, (*d*) the discovery of the lost sword of Bhavani in the vaults at Chitor by the Rajput Prince Hamir, and (*e*) any subject from the History of Bengal. The third class is composed of two subjects, any subject from the Buddhist "Jataka" stories and the Nirvana of Buddha, the latter somewhat a vague description of a subject. The fourth class deals with Persian classics and history and includes the illumination of verses from any of the Persian poets, an art which has deteriorated all the world over. It will be seen that the subjects have been carefully chosen and have the special merit of suggesting further roads along which the imaginative artist may travel. Mr. N. Blount of 1 Clive Row, Calcutta, is one of the joint honorary secretaries and he and Mr. Tagore are to be congratulated on the scheme which they have put forward.

AN ECCLESIASTICAL REFORMER.

THE late Mr. Carvel Williams, whose death Reuter announces, has of a surety died disappointed. The one aim and the consuming ambition of his life was to bring about the severance of Church and State. In his long life—he was within a few days of his eighty-sixth year—he had filled more reams of paper with diatribes against the Church than would suffice to fill his grave. He typified militant piety, and, in regard to Church property and other things which were not his, the old Dutch spirit of acquisition. Mr. Williams was a short, square, sturdy man, who with a voice created for the platform, and a smile which gilded the destructivism of his cult as a Disestablishment Crusader, was many years engaged in preaching the gospel of Non-conformity. It is a long time since the days of Sir James Graham, yet, long as it is, Mr. Carvell Williams assisted to lead the Nonconformist campaign against the right hon. baronet's Factories Education Bill. In his appearance there was something of the lay preacher and the family lawyer. The one Mr. Williams owed to his Dissenting missions, the second to his having been managing clerk to a firm of Proctors in Doctors' Commons. In fact, the observing foreigner, with Max O'Rell's understanding of England, would instinctively say that the late hon. Member for Mansfield had lived in Doctors' Commons. For very many years he was the secretary of the Liberation Society, a body which owed much of its strength to his vigour and vim. He was one of those amiable reformers who wish to replace established tolerance with unestablished intolerance. He found himself equally at home in Burial Law, Marriage Law, and Ecclesiastical Law, but though he lived to see the return of a violently Radical Government, his dream of Disestablishment is no more a reality than it was fifty years ago.

THE N. Y. K. Steamer "Totomi Maru" left Moji for Honkong on the 7th instant.

THE N. Y. K. Steamer "Kagoshima Maru" left Singapore for Hongkong on the 8th instant.

THE Madras Pearl Fishery Steamer "Margarita" Commander W. L. Kelley, sailed yesterday for Tuticorin.

THE homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Co.'s s.s. "Armand Behic", from Bombay, arrived at Aden on Tuesday, the 8th instant, at 10 a.m.

CHAPTER XII of our new Serial Story, "Scarlet Town," by Alice and Claude Askew, will be found on page 6 of to-day's issue.

BRONWHIP. His Lordship the Bishop of Colombo was relieved of his coat, which was hung up in the vestry of a church in which His Lordship was conducting a Service. There was considerable consternation when the fact was discovered, and a closed carriage had to be requisitioned to take the Bishop home. Even worse perhaps was the case in Bombay, where an Honorary Presidency Magistrate, sitting on the Girgaum Bench, was relieved of his overcoat and the safe-room while his Worship was sitting on the Bench.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

THE IDOL OF CLAY.

I AM afraid Mr. Keir Hardie has been treated much too seriously by the press, more especially that of England. His wild and foolish utterances, although published by a section of the Indian papers, would have fallen flat, but for the notice taken of him under a most extravagant estimate of his influence and importance. He represents nobody but himself, not even his colleagues' the Labourites; and even if he did, it would have been a matter of no consequence. After being lionized here, he would have subsided into his native insignificance on his return home. He would have been a nine days' amusement in India, if he had been allowed quietly to burn himself out. But the British press which in these times of keen competition, must provide sensation for its millions, has invested him with a fictitious importance, holding his presence in India to be as great a danger as a lighted taper in a vast powder magazine. "The Daily Mail," not to be outdone by its cheaper contemporaries, telegraphed to Mr. Keir Hardie about the authenticity of some of his utterances, as if they were something epoch-making. I daresay the mountebank is much pleased with his glorification by friend and foe alike. The Bengalees are said to be "delirious with joy" at the advent of "the new Messiah," and we might have safely wished them joy and a long continuance of their delicious delirium. But his critics have chosen to regard him as an awful portent with power to do untold mischief to the British rule in India, if not to endanger its very existence! I should think that next to being deified by the mob, the true demagogue likes to be heartily hated; and thus it is that while Mr. Keir Hardie is furiously denounced and rated by the press, he is chewing his "pan supari" in peace and comfort. He must be quite joyful over all the noise and hubbub he has created. He is no more an element of danger in India than any of the Bengalee patriots haranguing in Beadon Square. I daresay his Indian friends, although they extol him so much, out of policy, know in their hearts that for all his passionate rantings, he can actually effect but little in India, and less in England. He might have been left severely alone. But in this Talkative Age, as Carlyle calls it, there is a ready opening for noisy demagogues to achieve great notoriety, each in his own day and hour. Writing about a far more eminent demagogue, John Wilkes, Horace Walpole has observed with shrewd humour: "What idle pains Cato and such folks took to be virtuous, when they might have been patriots on so much cheaper terms!"

THE ETERNAL ANTITHESIS.

Commenting upon my recent remarks on the social relations of Europeans and Indians, a correspondent, who signs himself "Subaltern," thinks that friendly intercourse is impossible, because the two races "are on different moral planes and are almost different animals." He encloses an article from the *Civil and Military Gazette*, which he admires so highly that he wishes it to be translated for the benefit of the natives, although the writer in the Lahore paper is not so uncompromising in his attitude on the question as my correspondent. He does not put the case out of Court by holding, like "Subaltern," that there are inborn and essential differences between Englishmen and Indians which render an intercourse between them absolutely impossible. The contributor to the Lahore paper is so far reasonable as, at least, to admit the possibility of an intercourse under given conditions. Its failure is attributed by him to Indians who want the English "to do all the giving" in their social relations, which are only possible on the principle of give and take. He gives one or two instances, within his own experience, in which an advance made on his part might have developed into a good understanding, but it was abruptly choked by the native gentleman asking him to find a suitable billet for a remote kinsman. I am perfectly alive to the failings of my countrymen. Their inordinate love of honours for themselves is only equalled by their desire to sue for the advancement of their sons or relatives. One reason assigned for the aloofness of many officials is that they are afraid that there might be some among the natives admitted to their acquaintance, who might vaunt their supposed influence with them among their people, and put it to base uses for their own ends. Such persons will, however, be very few amongst the men of rank and refinement with whom the Englishman would like to associate, and it may not take very long to find them out. The mischief which may be caused by them is far easier of accomplishment in small up-country stations, where society is limited and the native can make a display of his acquaintance with this or that official before the admiring gaze of the little world around him, than in a large and cosmopolitan city like Bombay. But in any case a particular consideration, however weighty it may be in itself, affords no justification for the exclusiveness of the European. The truth, however, to my mind, is that particular difficulties are suggested, and their significance is greatly exaggerated, in order to hit upon a reason for the absence of a happy mutual understanding, which, in reality, has its root in a natural and not always unreasonable instinct of aversion for a different kind of animal, as "Subaltern" frankly put it. In the wide divergency existing in the ideals of East and West, in their morals and manners, in their habits and ways of living, there are potent elements to keep the two asunder; and the feeling thus begotten is aggravated by the difference in colour, as well as by the economic competition and the conflict of interests between the whites and the coloured races.

WANTED—IMAGINATIVE SYMPATHY.

I do not say that the fault is all on one side. The misapprehension is mutual, and on the side of the Indians it is increased by the wild and mischievous propaganda of the patriots who are exerting their utmost to embitter the relations between the two communities. The bitterness may, or may not, remain as a permanent factor. For the good of my country I should like to hold the turbulence of Bengal as a passing spasm. But the sins of a few should furnish no excuse for the alienation of European sympathy from the entire population. Nor do I think that what sympathy there is, has been lessened materially by the conduct of political fanatics. There are undoubted difficulties, though I believe not insurmountable, in the way of mutual intercourse; but there can be no excuse for any lack of imaginative sympathy. Here the Europeans are the givers, and the natives are the receivers. A kind word, a courteous act, however trifling, will sink deep into the heart of the recipient. A wider application of sympathy, consideration and generosity by the white master will go some way towards alleviating the brown man's burden, and will reduce the difficulty of the administrative problem of an alien Government. I have been much struck with the perusal of a treatise by Mr. Leonard Alston, in which he treats in a philosophical spirit the question of Government by the white races in Asia and Africa. Referring to India, he observes that to the Hindu the ways of the foreigner, his methods of administration, his system of law and order, and disposition of justice are so many unintelligible crotchets; and he adds: "Mere uprightness of dealing is not a quality which, by itself, will compensate for a general moral aloofness. An assumption of superiority irritates and alienates; while an attitude of ready and sustained sympathy permits the growth of a mutual comprehension, which makes for mutual profit." This is said by a writer who is none of your bigots or enthusiasts who see everything good on one side, and everything evil on the other. It is the deliberate opinion of a man who has accumulated a mass of materials for his subject, who can behold merit, as well as faults, wherever he finds them, and can weigh the moral and material effects of the white man's government of "the lower races," as he sweepingly styles them, with a careful and well-balanced judgment. I quite see the difficulty and delicacy of the subject, which within the space of a paragraph of two can only be treated in a most perfunctory fashion. Judging from an impartial standpoint, we find that the question has two distinct sides, and there is a great deal to be said on both.

THE ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE.

The proposal to remove the Elphinstone College has excited much public interest, and has led to offers from two native gentlemen of a free grant of extensive plots of land belonging to them outside Bombay. It is not likely that either of them will have the satisfaction of parting with his property for the educational welfare of the public, because general opinion is strongly in favour of retaining the College where it is, and it is probable that the Committee appointed by Government to report on the question will find good reason to agree with it. Two reasons are advanced for its removal,—want of sufficient accommodation, and the noise of traffic. The traffic nuisance is not of recent growth. It has existed and has been patiently borne with for years. It is the bells of the electric trafficars which, it is stated, have acted as the proverbial last straw. A quieter spot would be preferable; but the noise is not found so very distressing, after all, either by the professors or their pupils, and it is certain that a vast majority is not in favour of transporting the institution into the country, on that account. The difficulty of accommodation is not insurmountable. The entire western wing of the building is used for old public records, and it is suggested that they may be transferred to the Sailors' Home opposite, which is sometimes not much used by sailors. Here is an opportunity for a public-spirited citizen to purchase the Home for the records, and earn a well-deserved title.

EDUCATIONAL VALUE OF BOMBAY.

The difficulties of the situation, as I have said, are not insuperable, and the expenditure involved in overcoming them will be very much less than that for building the College anew in another place. Taking the case absolutely, it is better that the College should be in Bombay than anywhere in the country. The city, with its public institutions, its diversity of interests, its varied life, had an educational value of its own. It is, no doubt, a charming ideal to imagine an academy nestling amidst peaceful scenes, far away from "the madding crowd," and from the hurry, and bustle, and allurements of a great city. Relegated to such seclusion, I am afraid the youngsters will miss the opportunities afforded by the environments of the city for developing their active, energetic, faculties. The oriental mind leans towards abstract speculation. It loves to lose itself in metaphysics. It is the purpose of Western education, as it is indispensable for the strenuous life imposed by Western civilization, that full scope should be given for the growth of active faculties, healthy vigour, virility, and a practical turn of mind. There will be little room for the development of these qualities in a sort of monkish retreat. I am not, again, frightened by the bugbear of temptation. It is no virtue not to fall into temptations where they do not exist, and enforced virtue is, in itself, no guarantee that it will stand where its exercise is purely voluntary. I should prefer youths to be roughmoulded in the ways of the world by rubbing shoulders with it, though the greatest care should be taken to bring them under such healthy influences as might keep them, of their own free will, away from danger. On these grounds, I, for one, should like the College to be in the city, and, if possible, where it is.

DION.

BUMBLEPUPPY GYMKHANA AT DEOLALI

On Thursday afternoon, writes a correspondent, Prince Fatehsinghrao, Gaekwar of Baroda, who has been staying at Deolali for some months past, gave a splendid entertainment to the European ladies and gentlemen of Deolali Garrison and a few friends from Nasik. During his short sojourn at Deolali, the Prince's amiable disposition has made him extremely popular among all classes of Society. On Thursday, on the Garrison football ground, the Band of the 1st Battalion G. I. P. Railway Volunteers played a programme of music, and thus helped to beguile the intervals of rest. Sportsmen were also provided with ample amusement. Four events were arranged, the Prince carrying away two out of the four prizes. The Lemon-rick and tent-pegging prizes were won by Mrs. Counsil and Mr. Robertson and Mr. Thomas. The Polo-Pony Scurry was the most exciting event of the day. The Prince was close behind Mr. Robertson who it appeared would carry the day, but when they came within a few yards of the winning post, the Prince spurred his pony which darted forward and won by nearly a length. The Prince's horsemanship was greatly admired by all present.

The prizes consisted of two richly ornamented silver cups, a lovely set of ornamented brass work and a fine whip. Princess Padmavati presented the prizes to the winners. Prince Fatehsinghrao generously handed the prizes he had won, to his seconds. The Gymkhana meeting was thus a great success and the Prince's friends, belonging to the Garrison at Deolali, materially contributed to make it so. A beautiful shamiana was erected by Messrs. Mongini Brothers of Bombay, who evidently spared no pains to make everything most attractive. The assembly dispersed with cheers for the host and hostess, the guests, the Royal Scots, the Suffolks and the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers.

"INDIA SEETHING WITH DISLOYALTY."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The above was the sensational off-hand message sent by the Earl of Errol from Cashmere to one of the Home papers and which was re-copied by the "Review of Reviews." Apparently the noble Earl troubles himself very little about facts, and readily accepts any passing gossip for facts. If he was really in earnest to get "the truth, and nothing but the truth," surely there were other means ready at his disposal for a thorough investigation instead of branding the whole of India, from the Himalayas to Cape Comorin, as "seething with disloyalty." A reference to the leading newspapers at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Lahore and Karachi would have furnished him with reliable information on the points, instead of falling on some irresponsible person who has now placed him in a very awkward position. Or, if his Lordship had not much faith in the British and the Indian Papers, there were the British Officials at the above Centres (and even in Cashmere, although it is a Native State) where he could obtain information based on real facts, but to say that the whole of India is "seething with disloyalty" is simply and purely a fine stretch of imagination on his Lordship's part and an uncalled-for libel on the Indian people. Besides, the Earl has shown an exceedingly bad taste by referring to the disgusting tank to drown every European in India. There is a reference made about "Bleaching of the Yellow Press" in the "Review," but in this might be included some of the "White Press" for making mischief, regarding which Mr. Arthur Birkitt, at the Royal Colonial Institute, not long ago said: "I am bound to say that I believe that the best traditions of the British Press are sometimes in safer hands in Australia, Canada, India and Africa than they are in Fleet Street." The Native States of Mysore, Bikaneer, Jodhpur, Cashmere Nepal and others have already shown whether they are "seething with disloyalty." Perhaps the noble Earl, who has been so easily gulled, would like to know that the only place that is tainted with so-called disloyalty is Eastern Bengal led by a few interested parties from Calcutta; for, the Punjab has already repudiated the charge through an Indian Commissioned Officer hailing from the Punjab, and now stationed at Belgaum, who recently wrote to a contemporary on the subject.—Yours etc.

OBSERVER.

THE Rev. Canon A. H. B. Brittain, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at the General Hospital, Madras, on Saturday last, is doing as well as can be expected. It must, of course, be some considerable time before he entirely recovers his health.

A MARVEL of surgery has been shown to the French Academy of Medicine by Dr. Delair. A patient had lost his chin, part of his lower jaw, his lip, a portion of his tongue, and his nose, owing to the explosion of a gun which he was firing. An apparatus in four pieces has been made for him which makes all trace of his loss practically invisible. The chin and lower lip, with false beard on them, are made of soft India rubber, the necessary teeth, nose, and jaws have been supplied, and the patient can himself remove and replace the apparatus, which weighs only a trifle more than an ounce.

PROGRESS IN MOROCCO.

FRENCH MISSION LANDS AT RABAT.

Greeting by the Sultan.

MULAI HAFID'S ENVOYS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCTOBER 8.

M. Regnault and General Liautey have landed at Rabat. They were rowed ashore by Moors after a great struggle with the surf.

They were received on the quay by the Moorish Ministers and thousands of townspeople, and warriors in a variety of uniforms.

The Sultan subsequently rode through the streets to meet the Mission.

LONDON, OCTOBER 8.

The two Envoys from Mulai-Hafid to King Edward have proceeded to England to obtain recognition of Mulai-Hafid. They will also visit the German and Italian Ambassadors in London.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

Very friendly speeches have been exchanged between the Sultan and M. Regnault.

The latter said that he hoped that the Sultan would succeed in restoring order and in assuring the security of commerce.

The Sultan replied hoping for France's kindly support towards providing means leading to the easier accomplishment of reforms.

THE NEW GERMAN APPOINTMENTS.

Popular Satisfaction.

LONDON, OCTOBER 8.

The appointment of Herr von Schoen, who is the son of a manufacturer, as German Foreign Secretary, is applauded in Germany as showing that the high posts in Germany are not the exclusive privilege of the aristocrary.

The retirement of Herr von Tschirschky is largely a personal matter. He proved an utter failure as a debater in the Reichstag.

UNREST IN PERSIA.

Brigandage Rampant.

TRADE AT A STANDSTILL.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The Russian Merchants at Ispahan have telegraphed to the *Novoe Vremya* that all roads are in the hands of brigands, trade is at a standstill, the authorities are supine and the Consuls helpless.

Priests are preaching a boycott of foreign goods. The merchants urgently ask for aid.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN AGREEMENT.

Persian Reply.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The *Times'* Teheran correspondent telegraphs that the Parliamentary Committee has drafted an answer to the Anglo-Russian Agreement, for transmission to England and Russia, declaring that Persia was a friendly neighbour to both countries but was subject to no control in granting concessions. Existing concessions would be respected.

GERMAN AIRSHIP TRIALS.

Royal Interest Evinced.

LONDON, OCTOBER 8.

The Zeppelin airship, with eight passengers, made a most successful cruise, in spite of a brisk wind, over Lake Constance to-day, in the presence of the German Crown Prince and the King of Wurtemberg.

THE KING OF SIAM.

Feted at Messina.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

King Chulalongkorn, has arrived at Messina, on board the steamer "Birmanie."

He exchanged visits with King Victor Emmanuel on board the battleship "Regina Elena" and subsequently they landed together and watched the fleet steam past.

The two Monarchs had lunch on board the "Regina Elena." King Chulalongkorn sailed in the evening, and was saluted by the warships and the fort.

CHOLERA IN JAPAN.

Alarming Epidemic.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

Cholera is assuming alarming proportions in Tokio. There have been nineteen fresh cases recently.

THE WAR OFFICE AIRSHIP.

Rain Stops Trials.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The War Office airship is still at the Crystal Palace and is unable to rise owing to rain and dew saturating the envelope cordage and canvas planes.

MR. TAFT'S TOUR.

En Route to Manila.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

Mr. Taft has arrived at Shanghai *en route* for Manila.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The death has occurred of Mr. John Carvell Williams.

[The late Mr. Carvell Williams was the life-long chairman of the Liberation Society, which advocates Disestablishment.]

THE ATLANTA COTTON CONVENTION.

European Complaints.

FROM PLANTER TO SPINNER.

FIGHTING THE TRUSTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The Growing and Handling Committee of the Atlanta Cotton Convention has recommended that all cotton should be housed for forty days before ginning, in order to meet the European Spinners' complaints of dampness not acquired on boardship.

It also recommends that planters individually or in communities should adopt gin-compressing, thus freeing themselves from the Gulf Cotton Compress Trust, mentioned on 23rd September, and permitting direct handling from planter to spinner.

The Committee urge the adoption of the Egyptian form of bale as fast as possible, and the use of burlap instead of jute.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

Novel Methods.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The National Conservative Union has instituted a novelty in campaigning methods. It is sending out a small army of lecture vans on tour throughout the whole country, from November until May. They will distribute literature, address meetings at factory gates at midday, and deliver lantern lectures at night, and also carry gramophones producing short and telling speeches and political songs set to popular tunes.

CANADA AND THE JAPANESE.

Immigration to be Restricted.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

The Dominion Government will send Mr. Lemien, Minister for Labour, to Japan to negotiate for the restriction of the immigration of Japanese into Canada.

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL'S TOUR.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9.

Mr. Winston Churchill has arrived at Famagusta.

DUSSERAH AT MYSORE.

Opening Ceremonies.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, OCTOBER 9.

Yesterday marked the opening of the Mysore Dusserah Celebrations. At noon H. H. the Maharaja, accompanied by the Yuvaraj and a large retinue of officials and priests aarived at the Durbar Hall in the Jagan Mohan Palace being conducted to a small golden chair in which he took his seat and performed "kalasa puja" or the initial ceremony, then the ceremony of worship of the planets finally ascending the throne amid the plaudits of the officials and multitude and a "feu de joie" from the troops present. All the State officials and durbaries present then made homage to their ruler presenting "nazars" which were touched and remitted.

In the evening there was a grand Durbar at which were present the Dewan, Councillors, all Mysore Officials and many others. The State troops were drawn up outside in the courtyard, also the State elephants in mass. The Maharaja took his seat on the throne in the Durbar Hall at a quarter past seven, the troops presenting arms and the bands playing the Mysore National Anthem. All present then, one by one made obeisance to His Highness after which the procession formed of the State elephants and the State horse marched up to the steps of the Durbar Hall, and saluted the Maharaja. A display by the troops of wrestling and fireworks closed the Durbar which made a gorgeous spectacle. These ceremonies are to be repeated every day up to the 14th instant. On the 15th instant in the evening there will be a European Durbar and on Wednesday 16th the State procession followed by the Grand Durbar, these ceremonies ending on the 18th instant.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY—ARRIVALS, OCTOBER 9.—Kerrich, Capt. 28th Cavalry, on leave, from Poona.
Withers, Capt, 87th Punjab, on leave from Jhansi.

DEPARTURES, OCTOBER 9.—Pollinger, Major, R. F. A. on leave, to Kolhapur.
Wothington, Capt, R. A. M. C. on duty to Agra.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER, 9.

Major Liddell, Royal Engineers, Military Works Services, is permitted to revert to the Home establishment from 11th November next.

Lieutenant Eddis, 45th Battery R. F. A., embarks for India on 2nd October 1907.

The posting of Captain Fitzgerald to the 79th Battery, R. F. A., at Lucknow has been cancelled.

2nd Lieutenant E. O. Hogan R. G. A., is posted to No. 76 Company, R. G. A., at Aden.

The posting of 2nd. Lieutenant Bignell to that Company is cancelled.

Major Hoghton, 2nd-in-Command, 74th Punjabis, is transferred as 2nd-in-Command of the 69th Punjabis.

Capt A. D. Strong, 10th Lancers, is appointed Assistant Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Cavalry.

Major Geoghegan 74th Punjabis, is appointed 2nd-in-Command of that regiment.

The death is reported of Major A. P. Bateman Champain, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkhas, at Lansdowne on 7th October from pneumonia.

Col. L. Herbert, 5th Cavalry, is appointed officiating Chief Commissioner of the Andamans.

The following Officers have been selected for appointment to the Indian Army and are posted as stated:—Lieut. J. C. J. Smith 101st Company R.G.A. to 3rd Brahmans; Lt. Burlton Bennet, Somerset Light Infantry, to 1st Battalion 3rd Gurkhas; 2nd Lieut. Kingdon, Devonshire Regt. to 6th Jats; 2nd Lieut. Francis, East Lancashire Regt. to 47th Sikhs; Lieut. Chanter, 89th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, to 113th Infantry; Lieut. Cooper, Essex Regt. to 110th Infantry; Lieut. Smart, South Staffords, to 53rd Sikhs.

THE Lucknow Municipality has decided to erect a set of model villages showing how, by the construction of sanitary dwellings, plague may be fought.

DURING digging opperations near the fountain in Lalbagh, Lucknow, an old cannon six feet in length has been discovered. One was found in this spot some months ago.

THE *Daily Express* reports that a 6th battleship of the *Dreadnought* type is to be commenced immediately at Portsmouth. It will have a displacement of 20,000 tons, and an armament of eight 13·5 guns. The decision of the Admiralty to go on with the construction of vessels is attributed to the failure of the Hague Conference to arrive at any finality on the question of the limitation of armaments.

ALLEGED LOOTING BY CALCUTTA POLICE.

Enquiry Proceeding.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 9.

Some five or six native shopkeepers were examined yesterday by Mr. Collins in connection with the enquiry ordered by Government into the charges of looting by policemen during the recent riots in Beadon Square and locality, but while they all said the shops were looted and robbed of goods and money none of them could identify a single policemen or goonda.

LATER.

The inquiry into the charges of looting and wanton assault against the police by certain inhabitants of the northern section, Calcutta, who suffered during the riots last week was continued by Mr. Collin, the Presidency Commissioner, this afternoon at his Office in Charnock Place. Superintendedt Aldridge was in attendance during the inquiry as the rioting took place in his Division. The inquiry was of a private character. A number of tram-car drivers and conductors were examined with regard to Thursday night's disturbance. The evidence was given as to stoning of cars by Bengalees.

PROSECUTION OF THE RIOTERS.

At the Calcutta Police Court, before Mr. Swinhoe, Second Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, Court Inspector Mahapatro opened the case in which over fifty natives were arrested during the disturbances in the Upper Chitpur Road. Those who stand charged with being members of an unlawful assembly and rioting were ordered to be enlarged on bail for Rs. 300 each. The other accused who were charged with house-breaking and theft in connection with the looting of shops in the disturbed area, have been remanded to jail. Six other men were charged with rioting and causing grievous hurt to Sergeant Walters of the Armed Police, who had his left hand cut off under circumstances already reported. Bail on behalf of the accused was refused. The case has been fixed for hearing on the 17th instant. The hearing of the two former cases has been fixed for the 24th instant.

AFFAIRS IN EASTERN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 9.

The following telegrams are from the *Bengalee*:—

Comilla, October 8.—Babu Keshablal Banerjee, whose conduct was vindicatedby the High Court in its judgment in the shooting case, and who was recommended by the District Superintendent of Police for degradation has been reinstated by the order of the Inspector-General of Police in his former appointment of Police Inspector with full pay during the period of suspension and has been posted to Tippera.

Rungpore, October 8.—The Rungpore *Barthoacha* sedition case came on for hearing before the District Magistrate, Mr. Vas to-day. Two witnesses, the Inspector of Police and a nephew of Kotwal, the Sub-Inspector, were examined. Cross-examination was reserved and the case adjourned to the 20th instant.

Six students have been charged with obstructing the D. S. P., when he was bringing the prisoner from his office to the Court. The accused were bailed out. The case has been fixed for to-morrow.

THE PROSECUTION OF A BABU BARRISTER.

Asks English Copies of his Speeches.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 9.

In connection with the case against A. C. Banerji, Barrister, who was arrested on a warrant under Section 124A and 153A, I. P. Code, and released on bail, an application was made at the Calcutta Police Court to-day before Mr. Swinhoe by the accused to the effect that he was advised that notes taken down in Bengali of alleged speeches made by him and of which he was supplied with copies of English translations only were necessary to enable him to prepare his defence.

Mr. Swinhoe ordered that copies of English translations of speeches made by accused should be supplied him at once.

THE CALCUTTA CORPORATION LOAN.

Another Attempt.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 9.

The Calcutta Corporation Loan fiasco was discussed by the Finance Committee at their meeting yesterday, and it was decided to make an effort to raise a loan of Rs. 8,05,600, being the balance of the abortive attempt of September 28th. The tenders for the new loan will be opened on November 1st.

NEW BANK FOR SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 9.

The estimate for the New Bank of Bengal buildings at Simla has just been sanctioned for Rs. 2,00,000. The style will be Jacobean. If suitable premises are obtainable for the interim work will be started next month.

LEGAL CHANGES IN MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, OCTOBER 9.

It is understood that the Hon'ble Mr. C. Sankaran Nair, Advocate-General of Madras, acts for Sir C. Subramania Aiyer as Judge of the High Court while the latter is on leave and will succeed him permanently when he retires shortly.

Mr. P. Sivaswamy Iyer will succeed Mr. Sankaran Nair as Advocate-General.

VOLUNTEERING IN LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, OCTOBER 9.

Major-General Pearson, Inspector-General of Volunteers is in Lucknow, inspecting the local Volunteers. Yesterday he inspected the Bailie Guard Company of Lucknow Volunteer Rifles. In the evening Mr. Saunders, I. C. S. Colonel of the Volunteers, gave a dinner at the United Service Club to meet the Inspector-General at which all the Volunteer Officers of Lucknow were present.

THE students of the Ravenshaw College at Cuttack are making an appeal for funds for the sufferers by the floods there.

The Calcutta Electric Light Co. have been granted a licence by Government for the lighting of Barrackpore by electricity.

THE Paris postal authorities do not appear to have heard of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt. Recently M. Sardou wrote a letter from his country seat in the Seine-et-Oise department to Mme. Bernhardt, and addressed it, Boulevard Pereire, Paris, omitting the number of the house, as he could not recall it. The letter, the "Chronicle" says, was returned to him by the postal department, as they had been unable to deliver it. It appears to have made the round of the Boulevard Pereire without, however, reaching the hands of the tragedienne. On the envelope some official had written "Address unknown."

ANGLO-RUSSIAN CONVENTION.

PERSIA, AND AFGHANISTAN.

Full Translation of the Text.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCTOBER 9.

The following letter from Sir Edward Grey to Sir A. Nicholson, dated Foreign Office, 29th August 1907, is published:—

"Sir,—I have to-day authorised Your Excellency by telegraph to sign the Convention with the Russian Government containing the arrangements on the subject of Persia, Afghanistan and Tibet. The arrangement respecting Persia is limited to the regions of that country touching the respective frontiers of Great Britain and Russia in Asia and the Persian Gulf is not part of those regions and is only partly in Persian Territory. It has not therefore been considered appropriate to introduce into the Convention a positive declaration respecting the special interests possessed by Great Britain in the Gulf as the result of British action in those waters for more than a hundred years. His Majesty's Government have reason to believe that this question will not give rise to difficulties between the two Governments should developments arise which make further discussion affecting British interests in the Gulf necessary; for the Russian Government have, in the course of the negotiations leading up to the conclusion of this arrangement, explicitly stated that they do not deny the special interests of Great Britain in the Persian Gulf, a statement of which His Majesty's Government have formally taken note in order to make it quite clear that the present arrangement is not intended to affect the position in the Gulf and does not imply a change of policy respecting it on the part of Great Britain. His Majesty's Government think is desirable to draw attention to previous declarations of British policy and to reaffirm generally the previous statements as to British interests in the Persian Gulf and the importance of maintaining them. His Majesty's Government will continue to direct all their efforts to the preservation of the *status quo* in the Gulf and the maintenance of British Trade. In doing so they have no desire to exclude the legitimate trade of any other Power.—I am etc. (Sd.) E. Grey."

PERSIA.

The following is the text of the Anglo-Russian Convention. No official English version of the parts relating to Persia and Tibet has been received and the following is a rough translation of the French text:—

His Majesty, King of the United Kingdom and Emperor of India, and H. M. the Emperor of All the Russias animated by a sincere desire to regulate by mutual consent the different questions touching the interests of territories in Asia have resolved to conclude agreements destined to prevent all cause of misunderstandings between Great Britain and Russia, by a consideration of the said questions, and have nominated with this object as respective Plenipotentiaries, by His Majesty the King Emperor—The Honourable Sir Arthur Nicholson; by His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias—Master of the Court, Alexander Isvolsky, Minister of Foreign Affairs. The above have arranged as follows this convention:—

Concerning Persia the Governments of Great Britain and Russia mutually engage to respect the integrity and independence of Persia and sincerely desiring the preservation of order in all the extent of that country and its peaceful development as well as the permanent establishment of equal advantages for the commerce and industry of all other nations, considering that each of them has by reason of geographic and economic position special interest to maintain peace and order in certain Provinces of Persia contiguous or neighbouring to the Russian frontier, on the one side, and the frontiers of Baluchistan and Afghanistan on the other, and being desirous of avoiding all motives of conflict between their respective interests in the abovementioned Persian Provinces, they have agreed to the following terms:—

ARTICLE I.—Great Britain engages not to seek for herself and not to support in favour of British subjects or the subjects of any third Power any concessions of a political or commercial nature such as railway concessions, banks, telegraphs, roads, Transport or insurance etc., beyond a line passing from Kasrichirin by Ispahan, Jezd and Khakh and ending at a point on the Persian frontier where the Russian and Afghan frontiers join and not to oppose either directly or indirectly demands for similar concessions in this region supported by the Russian Government. It is understood that the localities mentioned above are comprised in the region in which Great Britain engages not to seek aforesaid concessions.

ARTICLE II.—Russia on her part engages to observe similar restrictions beyond a line passing from the Afghan frontier by Gazik, Birdjand and Kerman and ending at Bunder Abbas.

ARTICLE III.—Russia engages on her part not to oppose without previous understanding with England concessions of any nature given to British subjects in the regions of Persia situated between the lines mentioned in Articles I. and II. and Great Britain agrees to identical engagement concerning concessions given to Russian subjects in the same region All concessions actually existing in the regions designated in Articles I and II are to maintained.

ARTICLE IV.—It is understood that the revenues of all Persian Customs with the exception of those of Faristan and of the Persian Gulf revenues are guaranteed for the redemption and the interest of the loans concluded by the Government of the Shah with the Banque D'Escompte and the Prets de Perse up to the date of the signature of the present arrangement will be appropriated to the same end as in the past. It is equally understood that the Persian Customs Revenues of Faristan and the Persian Gulf, as well as those of the fisheries on the Persian shore of the Caspian Sea and those of Posts and Telegraphists will be appropriated as in the past tothe service of the loans contracted by the Government of the Shah to the Imperial Bank of Persia upon date of the signature of the present Convention.

ARTICLE V.—In case of irregularities in the redemption of the payment of interest of the Persian loans contracted that the Banque D'Escompte and at the Prets de Perse and at the Banque Imperial de Perse up to date of the signature of the present Convention, and should the necessity arise for Russia to institute a control over the sources of revenue, guaranteeing the regular service of the loans concluded with the first of the said banks and situated within the region mentioned in Article II of the present Convention or for Great Britain to institute a control over the source of revenue guaranteeing the regular service of the loans concluded with the second of the said banks and situated in the region mentioned in Article I of the present Convention, the Governments, the English and Russian, engage in the first place to enter into an amicable exchange of views with the object of arranging in accord measures for the control in question and of avoiding all interference which shall not conform with the principles which form the base of the present Convention.

AFGHANISTAN.

The High contracting parties, being animated with a sincere desire to assure the perfect security of their respective frontiers in Central Asia and to maintain there a solid and lasting peace, have decided to conclude a Convention to that effect:—

ARTICLE I.—His Majesty's Government declare that they have no intention of changing the political status of Afghanistan. His Majesty's Government further engage to exercise their influence in Afghanistan only in a pacific sense and will not themselves take in Afghanistan and will not encourage Afghanistan to take any measures threatening to Russia. The Russian Government on their part declare that they recognise Afghanistan as outside the sphere of Russian influence and engage that all their political relations with Afghanistan should be conducted through the intermediary of His Majesty's Government. They further undertake not to send any agents into Afghanistan.

ARTICLE II.—His Majesty's Government having declared in the treaty signed at Kabul on the twenty-first March 1905 that they recognise the agreement and the engagements concluded with the late Amir, Abdur Rahman, and that they have no intention of interfering in the internal Government of Afghanistan, His Majesty's Government engage not to annex or to occupy in contravention of that treaty any portion of Afghanistan or to interfere in the internal administration of the country, provided that the Amir fulfils the engagements already contracted towards His Majesty's Government under the abovementioned treaty.

ARTICLE III.—The Russian and Afghanistan authorities specially designated for the purpose on the frontier or in the Frontier Provinces may establish direct reciprocal relations with each other for the settlement of local questions of a non-political character.

ARTICLE IV.—The British and Russian Governments declare that they recognise as regards Afghanistan, the principle of equality of treatment in matters concerning commerce and agree that any facilities which may have been or shall be hereafter obtained for British and British Indian trade and traders shall be equally applied to Russian trade and traders. Should the progress of commerce establish the necessity for Commercial Agents, the two Governments will agree as to the measures to be taken, due regard being had to the Amir's sovereign rights.

ARTICLE V.—The present arrangements will only enter into force from the moment when the British Government has notified to the Russian Government the consent of the Amir to the terms about to be stipulated.

TIBET.

The Governments of Great Britain and Russia recognising the sovereign rights of China over Tibet and considering that, in consequence of its geographical situation, Great Britain has special interest to see that the existing external relations of Tibet are maintained inviolate, have concluded the following arrangements:—

ARTICLE I—The two high contracting parties engage to respect the territorial integrity of Tibet and abstain from all interference in the interior administration.

ARTICLE II.—Conformably with the admitted principle of suzerainty over Tibet, Great Britain and Russia engage to treat with Tibet only through the intervention of the Chinese Government. This engagement does not exclude direct communications between English Commercial Agents and the Tibetan authorities, arranged for in Article V. of the Convention of the 7th of September 1904, between Great Britain and Tibet and confirmed by the Convention of the 27th of April 1906, between Great Britain and China nor does it modify the engagements entered into by Great Britain and China in virtue of Article I of the Convention of 1906 by which it is understood that Budhists, whether subjects of Great Britain or Russia, may enter into direct relations, but strictly religious relations with the Dalai Lama and other representatives of Budhism in Tibet. The Governments of Great Britain and Russia engage, so far as depends upon them, not to allow these relations to affect the stipulations of the present Convention.

ARTICLE III.—The Governments of Great Britain and Russia engage not to send representatives to Lhasa.

ARTICLE IV.—The two high parties engage not to seek or obtain either on their own account or on that of their subjects any concessions for railways, roads, telegraphs, mines or other privileges in Tibet.

ARTICLE V.—The two Governments are agreed that no part of revenues of Tibet can be assigned to Great Britain or Russia or their subjects. Annexe to the arrangement between Great Britain and Russia concerning Tibet, Great Britain reaffirms the declaration signed by Viceroy of India and the annex to the annexe at the ratification of the Convention of 17th of September 1904, stipulating that the occupation by British Troops of the Chumbi Valley must receive after the payment of three annual instalments of 25 lakhs of rupees, on condition that the trade centres, mentioned in Article II. of the said Convention have been effectively opened for three years and that the Tibetan Authorities, during this period, have conformed strictly to the terms of the said convention of 1904, it being clearly understood that if the occupation of the Chumbi Valley by British forces will not have ended for some reason at the time notified in the aforesaid declaration the British and Russian Governments will enterin an amicable exchange of views on the subject.

SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITIONS.

Letter dated 31st August, 1907. Sir A. Nicholson to Count Isvolsky:—

In referring to the Agreement about Tibet, signed to-day, I have the honour to make the following declaration to Your Excellency. The British Government consider it a desirable to accept the previous Agreement of the Government of Russia not to admit for a period of three years from the date of the present communication, any scientific mission into Tibet provided a similiar assurance be given by the Russian Government. The British Government further proposes to address the Chinese Government asking them to agree to this obligation for the above period, the same request being made by the Russian Government. At the expiration of the aforesaid three years the British Government will come to a common agreement with Russian Government as to the measures to be taken concerning scientific expeditions into Tibet.

Letter from Count Isvolsky to Sir A. Nicholson dated 31st Aug. 1907.—In reply to Your Excellency's note of to-day, I have the honor to declare that the Imperial Government of Russia considers it desirable not to admit, except with the previous agreement of the British Government, for a period of three years entry into Tibet of scientific missions. The Russian Government on its part will address the Chinese Government on this subject and at the end of three years the two Governments will consult as to measures concerning scientific expeditions entering into Tibet.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

Mr. JOSEPH BAPTISTA presided at the meeting of the Standing Committee held yesterday afternoon.

MR. HEWETT'S DESIGNATION.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Commissioner, dated the 7th instant, in which he said:—"I have the honour to state that the Executive Engineer has submitted for my consideration a proposal to alter the designation of the Assistant Executive Engineer, Mechanical Branch, to that of Deputy Executive Engineer, Mechanical Branch, and he informs me that the duties of the appointment and its responsibilities have vastly increased since the appointment was made under the former designation. The Assistant Engineer, Mechanical Branch, has frequently to take immediate action in connection with the working of the valuable pumping machinery at Love Grove and the operation of the Shone system in the different parts of the City. He is in charge of the extensive workshops of the Municipality and has direct control over the large number of men employed under him. In fact in the Executive Engineer's opinion the duties of the Assistant Executive Engineer, Mechanical Branch, are not less important than those of either of the two deputies in charge of the Water Works and Drainage Branches. Judging also from the grants for the departments under the Deputy Executive Engineers, Drainage and Water Works, I consider that the Assistant Executive Engineer, Mechanical Branch, is in no way in an inferior position to the two Deputy Executive Engineers. It further appears that Mr. Hewett has been superseded by the Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works, and will shortly be superseded, under existing arrangements, by the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage, who has been permenently appointed on Rs. 800—1,000. In spite of this Mr. Hewett's claims to seniority were recognised when the Executive Engineer took one month's leave in December last, for Mr. Hewett was appointed to act for Mr. Hall and in that capacity was senior to the two Deputy Executive Engineers for Water and Drainage, and at the present moment Mr. Hewett is authorized to sign all the bills and vouchers for the Mechanical Branch as "For Executive Engineer" and is thus vested with all the financial responsibility of a Deputy. The proposal of the Executive Engineer has therefore my full approval, and I request the sanction of the Standing Committee to the alteration in the designation."

The members were desirous of putting some questions to Mr. Hall, the Executive Engineer, that officer attended the meeting.

Giving his reasons for the proposed change in the designation, Mr. Hall said that Mr. Hewett was an extremely able officer and the change was sought to improve his status only.

Mr. H. G. Gell then proposed that sanction be accorded to Mr. Hewett's designation being changed as asked for in the Commissioner's letter.

Mr. James MacDonald seconded the proposition, which was agreed to.

The Committee adjourned to Monday next.

MILL FIRE IN BOMBAY.

THREE LAKHS DAMAGE.

THE largest cotton mill fire of the year broke out early yesterday morning in the spinning room of the Alliance Mill at Tardeo. The Alliance Mill, which is an immense structure, covering, with its adjoining sheds and tanks, several acres, fronts the main road to Chakatwadi, and is really two buildings divided by a narrow alley, and connected with covered bridges. The south extremity of the mill, which has been entirely gutted, was a large stone building seventy-five feet by 143 feet in dimensions, comprising on the ground-floor the spinning and reeling department; the first floor being the spinning room, and the top floor the card room. Alongside this another immense room sixty-seven feet by one-hundred and eighty feet, was the hosiery, carding and spinning department; in the centre of the mill was a great square room, 131 feet by 135 feet, for spinning; and on the north was the loom shed, 136 feet by 98 feet, and winding, warping, sizing, folding and weft departments to the north of the mill. To the front of the mill is the carding room, 131 feet by 43-9, with press room and boiler and engine houses.

It will therefore be seen that the Alliance Mill is a large and valuable property; and it is pleasant to be able to record the fact that great as is the damage done, not more than a third of the building was burnt out, and some thousands of pounds worth of valuable property, and thousands more of fine machinery, remained untouched by the fire; thanks, no doubt, to the promptitude with which the conflagration was discovered, to the fact that a splendid water supply was available in the mill's own tanks, and to the fact that the mill's donkey engines were quickly brought into operation, and to the prompt reply of the city's fire-brigades.

The fire appears to have broken out in the mule room in the southerly block of the building where, of course, large quantities of cotton were in course of manufacture. The electric light was installed, as in the rest of the mill, and it is possible that a wire may have fused, and thus began the conflagration, but up to now no definite cause can be assigned for the outbreak. The mule room, which was on the top floor of this section of the building, contained twelve mules and some hundreds of bobbins covered with yarn. The flames were first seen issuing from the window of this room.

At 12-25 the alarm was raised by the natives living opposite the mill, and Mr. Kavasji N. Saklatwalla, the assistant manager, who lives on the premises, at once ordered the mill's donkey engine to be worked. About half a dozen hose-pipes were quickly run out from different directions, and in ten minutes the Gowalia Tank fire-engine repaired to the scene followed by the other engines of several stations in the City. The joint efforts of the fire-brigade and Mr. Ardeshir Mulla, the engineer of the mill, working the donkey engine, succeeded in confining the fire to that portion of the mill where it was found to be ablaze. Behind this was the main boiler-house, containing a Hicks Hargreaves engine of 250 h.p. with Galloway boilers, and behind this was a carding and spinning room 67 feet by 88 feet, and smaller sheds.

It being seen that the main south block was to be irretrievably ruined, it became the object of the firemen to save the valuable engines and boilers behind it. Hence these portions of the mill were soaked with water, and it is fortunately a fact that, although the south block was entirely gutted, the engines and the carding and spinning rooms behind it were saved. The fire completely destroyed the spinning department known as the N. M. or New Mills. It contained twenty-four mules on the first and the second floor and the ground floor was occupied by 41 "cards" and eleven roving frames. The employees of this department, numbering 300, are rather unfortunate, for they only commenced work on the 16th September last, before which day the mill had been closed for over two months, as the engines were under repair during that period. Now the large regiment of hands, numbering over a thousand, find themselves "shut out" again, as the fire has caused work to be temporarily suspended in every part of the mill. Fortunately, however, mill hands are under these circumstances promptly taken on at other mills, otherwise their plight would be pitiful.

The mill contains 24,000 spindles and 428 looms, and originally belonged to a Parsee gentlemen, Mr. Cowasji Davar; it is the oldest mill in Bombay and after passing under the control of several managers and owners during the last 54 years it is, at present, the property of a company, the Agents being Messrs Tapidas Varajdas and Company. The managing agent is Mr. Hargowandas Mulchand.

That portion of the Alliance Mill which has been destroyed by the fire is insured (with all its contents) for Rs. 4,22,000, and the damage done being estimated at Rs. 3,50,000 to Rs. 3,75,000 it stands fully covered by insurance. The insurance is mostly with Messrs. Fleming Shaw and Co.

Mr. Phillips, Deputy Commissioner of Police, and Mr. Williamson, Superintendant of that division visited the premises in the morning.

THE BOMBAY PUNJAB MAIL.

Proposed Acceleration.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, OCTOBER 9.

The "Pioneer" discussing the possibility of accelerating the Punjab-Bombay Mail writes:—As the timings are at present the Bombay Punjab Mail, carried by Great Indian Peninsula Railway to Delhi goes on from there by the North Western Train leaving Delhi at 22-55 and proceeding *via* Meerut and Saharanpore to Umballa which is reached at 3-50. The mails then go on to Lahore and other towns at 4-10. The East Indian Railway however runs a train from Delhi leaving at 22-17 and reaching Umballa by the shorter route *via* Karnal at 2-47 at present, but the railway authorities are willing to accelerate it so that it practically would be possible by rearrangement of the timing for the mails to reach Umballa one hour and three-quarters sooner. Of course this can only be done by running them over the East India Railway line *via* Karnal and not round by Meerut and equally it would be no use getting sooner to Umballa unless there was a connection train to take on the mails to the Punjab and the Frontier Province. Accordingly the North Western Railway have been asked by the East Indian Railway, backed by the G. I. P. Railway to provide this connection which the former is not over eager to do as it would mean that the mails could then certainly go by the shortest and quickest route over a stretch of the East Indian Line. The matter has been hung up for the present until Mr. Burt, the new Manager of the North Western Railway, comes out from home next month and takes over charge. If the change to the Karnal-Delhi instead of the Saharanpur Delhi route ever made it would of course be adopted for both up and down mails between the Punjab and Bombay.

DURING September 1,020 tons of ore crushed at the Dharwar Reefs Mine Co., Limited, yielded 426·79 ozs. of gold. The average value of the tailings was 4 dwts. 12 grs. per ton. The camp is now free from cholera and most of the coolies have returned to work. The output for the current month should, in consequence, show an increase.

THE Philadelphia Telephone Company has issued a circular to its operators and its subscribers asking them to omit the word "please" in all messages over the telephone. The Company has calculated that the unnecessary (?) word is used the telephone in Philadelphia some 900,000 times every day. Reckoning each repetition to take up half a second of valuable time, 125 hours daily are wasted (?) by people who say "please."

THE sea serpent has not forgotten to make its appearance. Mr. Edward S. Dodgson, of Jesus College, Oxford, and the Rev. T. C. Davies, M.A., of Queen's College, Oxford, saw it when they were staying at Tintagel. It was moving at a distance of about 200 yards very rapidly along the calm surface of the sea towards Tintagel Head. In about a minute it had disappeared behind the cliff that bounds the cove on the west. It was a sea serpent at least twenty feet long, holding its large head, with apparently some kind of a crest or mane upon it, aloft.

PLAYS AND PASTIMES.

THE FOLLIES.

Where are the Turns?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 20.

An evening in the company of the Follies is a champagne evening—only with no headache. The little company are quite the brightest and wittiest lyric entertainers in town. Their performance sparkles like a diamond, and there are no rough edges. All is smoothly polished and finely set. It is quite a jewel of an entertainment.

This week at Terry's Theatre they introduced a new programme to London audiences, the chief item being a burlesque travesty on "Hamlet." This is funny enough to show us that the art of burlesque is not altogether moribund. Mr. Pelissier is Hamlet, and also shares the honour of authorship. He is a very merry Dane indeed, of substantial aspect and genial countenance, albeit somewhat prone to wandering when in his cups. He sings well, he dances well, and he has a nimble wit. Moreover, he adds to these virtues a commendable dislike of lengthy soliloquies.

Miss Effie Cook is one of the stateliest Queen Gertrudes we have seen, whilst Miss Gwennie Mavis is a vivacious and charming Ophelia. Mr. Lewis Sydney was everything that King Claudius was not, but he is a famous comedian. All the rest of the characters were "adequately represented" by Mr. Dan Everad, Mr. Norman Blume, and Miss Dollis Brooke. Shakespeare, as interpreted by Pelissier, can certainly never spell anything but success.

Apart from the new Hamlet, a full and varied programme was given, including some remarkably amusing imitations of national music and dancing. Go and see Miss Dollis Brooke, a perfect vision of daintiness and beauty, in "My Cherokee Maid," and watch Miss Gwennie Mavis in her flower-girl song, if you want to see a perfect example of the light lyric art. You will be convulsed by Mr. Pelissier in his burglar ditty, and delighted by Mr. Sydney's remarkable personal reminiscences; you will vote Miss Effie Cook one of the sweetest singers imaginable, and Mr. Norman Blume in the first rank of eccentric dancers. Finally, you will agree with the present writer that the Follies must really stay in London this time. We cannot spare them with the dull winter months in prospect.

VARIETIES.

Among the latest engagements for the Palace is that of Mr. Maurice Farkoa, who will on Monday evening next at that house make his reappearance in the West End after a six months' stay in America. Mr. Farkoa, whose stay at the Palace will be limited to two weeks, will sing a number of songs in French and studiously-imperfect English. This should be a popular addition to an already fine programme.

Meanwhile, "That Brute Simmons," with Mr. Arthur Williams, Mr. Lytton Gray, and Miss Carlotta Zerbini as the two husbands and the wife, is serving to amuse the patrons of the Palace.

WHERE ARE THE "TURNS?"

Within the next few days—this very day, perhaps—Mr. Alfred Butt, of the Palace, will set out upon a quest for new and attractive turns. Only those who have undertaken these expeditions can fully realize the difficulty of finding the right material for the West-End variety stage. The Continent, of course, is the hunting-ground, but, alas! it yields but a poor return for the trouble and expense of the chase. At the present time, we are assured, there is a very great scarcity of good turns on the continent. The programmes of Paris, Berlin and Vienna contain very little that is new or suitable for use in London. As for America—a more fruitful field—the strong upward tendency in salaries is not encouraging managers to book heavily from that side. Still, Mr. Butt is going to search, and because he is in the habit of seeking for the turns himself, and not trusting to the pig-in-a-poke methods of certain other managers, he is the more likely to land the kind of attraction that would bring the most good to his shareholders. The lesson of experience is that the taking of trouble and the exercise of one's own judgment not infrequently pay a handsome dividend.

THE COUNTESS

which have incapacitated four players—Gray, Bigden, Satterthwaite, and Garbutt—but, after their really good display at Bury, the exhibition on Saturday was most disappointing. The position of the Plumstead team is very serious.

Chelsea's failure, I am told, was a grand one, and if the Stamford Bridge team can play their future matches as well as they did at Newcastle there need be no cause for alarm. I notice that Lyon, who was once an amateur at Park Royal, played at back with McKie, and I am pleased to learn that he acquitted himself with credit.

Bristol City are seldom beaten on their own ground, and their defeat by Sheffield Wednesday was never anticipated. For once in a way they were off form, but I shrewdly suspect that the Sheffield half backs were responsible for the weakness of the Bristol forwards, and that the Yorkshiremen would have beaten most teams on Saturday. Sheffield Wednesday are one of the few big teams playing up to reputation.

POLO.

The annual autumn cup tournament which began in the Rugby Polo Club's ground at Spring Hill Farm, Rugby, this week in splendid weather, comes as a reminder that the polo season is now nearly over. Last year eight teams competed for the challenge cup, which is open to any team with not more than one Recent Form List player, and the tournament was won by Ashby St. Ledgers team.

This year, besides the holders, who had one change in their team, Mr. Menzies being replaced by Captain the Hon. C. Fellowes, there were five entries—namely, the Tigers, the team captained by the Count, J. de Madre, the donor of the cup; Mr. C. D. Miller's Rugby team; Sir Humphrey de Trafford's Brampton team; Mr. Gordon Wither's Wembley Park side; and Mr. Harry Rich's Handley Cross Four.

Two matches were played this week, the opening tie being contested by the Rugby team made up of Messrs. Leonard Hardy (1st Life Guards), W. V. Beatty, F. A. Bellville, and C. D. Miller (back); and Handley Cross, the latter side, including Mr. Frank Barbour and the three brothers—Harry, Herbert, and Frank Rich.

These two sides proved to be capitally matched, the result of an excellent game being the victory of Handley Cross by seven goals to five.

R. C.

HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCTOBER 9.

The Connaught Rangers met the Worcesters today, the Worcesters having defeated the Liverpools in the first round. The game was wholly in favour of the Worcesters from the start but they only succeeded in notching one goal to Connaughts' nil.

NOT ILL—BUT AILING!

Advice to Those Out-of-Sorts.

There are thousands of women and men who though they are not really ill, in the true sense of the word, are always ailing. They constantly dwell on the borders of ill-health. They are like the mountain-climber who in scaling the dizzy ridges is ever tempting fate by venturing near the edge of the precipice. A sudden gust of wind, a slip or a false step will fling him into the yawning chasm beneath. People who are always ailing, though not really *ill*, spend their lives at the edge of an awful abyss, into which the first epidemic or first chilly weather may sweep their frail forms. But apart from the danger of always ailing, this condition is in itself most miserable and trying. You have neither the energy to share other people's pleasures, nor the strength to resist brooding over more or less magnified trouble. Sleepless nights, loss of appetite, severe headaches, bouts of sickness, and pains after meals, only accentuate the ever-present feeling of great depression and weariness. You lose interest in the home, ambition in life, and are often cross, irritable and hard to please, all because of some insidious weakness which you find it difficult to understand.

Because of the sedentary lives they lead, women are very liable to suffer from this "always ailing" condition.

THESE DISTRESSING SYMPTOMS EXPLAINED.

All this is a sign that you are low in tone, and that you need a course of Bile Beans for Biliousness to restore your lost health and buoyant spirits. Bile Beans enable you to "live" every day, not merely to drag through it. Bile Beans owe their great success to the natural and unfailingly efficacious action of certain precious herbal extracts of which they are wholly composed. They are a gift direct from forest to patient.

Bile Beans not only contain certain rare vegetable extracts, but these extracts are united in a certain manner which multiplies the virtues of each ingredient. One ingredient, for instance, has a special power over the liver and regulates the flow of bile; another directly assists and strengthens the stomach; others again exert a wholesome influence over the bowels, and so on. But not one of the ingredients interferes with the rest. There is perfect harmony of action, the disordered conditions which are causing trouble and menacing life are corrected, and new vigour and vitality is firmly established throughout the body, blood, and nerves. In short, Bile Beans change the life of constant ailing to one of lasting health and happiness. How different are Bile Beans from old-fashioned mineral purgatives, on which many people rely even to-day, ignorant of their dangers.

The wise housewife always has a box of Bile Beans handy, and the far-sighted business and working man has a few Bile Beans in his vest pocket, for by reason of their gelatine coating Bile Beans can be carried loose without losing their virtue. Bile Beans may be obtained of all chemists, at Re. 1/. per box, and Rs. 2/4 per box containing three times the quantity. Refuse all substitutes, and accept only the genuine Bile Beans.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON.

Cut out this coupon and forward it together with one anna stamp to the Bile-Beans Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, to obtain a dainty free sample box of Bile-Beans.

Write address clearly.

"Bombay Gazette," 10th Oct., 1907.

BILE BEANS for BILIOUSNESS

"BAIT-UL-MAL."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Disclaimer after disclaimer is being circulated by the Secretaries of the Aligarh College Trustees, and all without any claim having been set up. With reference to the last circular letter of Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk to the Press, I wish to say that the organizers of the "Bait-ul-Mal" had never explicitly, or by reasonable implication, claimed for the Fund the sanction of the Aligarh Trustees, nor did my letter to the *Times of India* of 14th September say, as the Nawab—probably through absence of knowledge of the English language—asserts that the Fund was started by the Old Boys in their corporate capacity through the Old Boys' Association. It is not merely futile but malicious to attribute to people thoughts which never entered their heads. In fact, these so-called disclaimers are not disclaimers at all, but manifestoes of opposition to the Fund. This is, I submit, using the Public Press under false pretences for personal or sectional ends.

To clear all doubts on the subject, I beg to announce that the organizers of "Bait-ul-Mal," most of whom are the Old Boys of the Aligarh College, do not either now or heretofore claim, nor wish to claim, any canonical sanction from the Aligarh Trustees for starting the Fund.

The organization has been the work of individual Old Boys, and does not, nor did it ever, claim to represent the Old Boys in their corporate capacity, viz, the Old Boys' Association. No such claim was necessary for the success of the Fund, as no reasonable person would give to the Aligarh Trustees the monopoly of collecting funds or authorizing such collections, no matter for what object.

As regards Aligarh students volunteering themselves as collectors of the "Bait-ul-Mal," I can see no breach of discipline, as the collections are made during the vacations, when the students are not responsible to the teachers, but are under parental guardianship. With due deference to the age and wisdom of Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk, I beg to differ from him in his ideas on the subject of discipline among Undergraduates. Sir Herbert Risley has very clearly defined the limits of College discipline, and I fail to see how Undergraduates collecting funds for any purpose during vacations can be accused of insubordination. I would venture to point out to the venerable Nawab that the old world ideas of discipline and slavery may have been akin, but we have now learnt to differentiate between the two.

I would in conclusion add, Sir, that a Lucknow correspondent, whose identity could not long remain hidden, has thought fit to send telegraphic messages to various papers vilifying my own personality in this connection. I would not take any public notice of such acts, were it not that I am accused of having for some time past been working against the Aligarh College. In this connection I would beg to say that I am second to none in my love for my *Alma Mater*, but if any criticism of its present management means "working against the College," the "Indian Daily Telegraph" of Lucknow, whom the correspondent quotes, is an equally great sinner, as it published two of my articles—one on the defects in the constitution of the Board of Trustees and the resulting mismanagement, and the other on the "Aligarh students strike"—as leaders of its own. Verily, consistency is a doubtful virtue. I hope this needless correspondence will now cease.—Yours, &c.,

MAHOMED ALI.

The following is the text of my letter addressed to "The Indian Daily Telegraph," Lucknow:—

Sir,—You have given a good deal of publicity to the "Disclaimer" of the Aligarh authorities regarding the "Bait-ul-Mal" and as I have come in for a good deal of censure which was to say the least not in the best of tastes considering the more than strained personal relations of ours, I venture to ask, though with much diffidence, for some space in your columns for replying to the charges brought forward against the organizers and the supporters of the "Bait-ul-Mal." My own humble personality did not deserve the publicity you have given it, nor do I aspire to a larger share of it by dilating on my own virtues. To answer personal affront in the press has always been distasteful to me, but I cannot allow a public cause to suffer by my silence. You will therefore be illustrating your own fairness or unfairness by allowing me the space in your columns that I venture to ask for or refusing it.

In my reply to the letter of the Officiating Secretary of the Trustees in the "Times of India" of the 14th Sept. I did my best to disclaim all canonical sanction for the "Bait-ul-Mal" from the Board of Trustees of the Aligarh College. Why you or Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk should still think it necessary to disclaim all connection of the Fund with the Board of Trustees is unintelligible to me, unless I assume that both you and the Nawab wish failure to the Fund. Unless a claim is made, it is futile to publish "disclaimers" and repeat them too. As regards Nawab Mohsin-ul-mulk's assertions in your columns that I wrote to the "Times of India" that "this fund is established by the Old Boys," I would request the Nawab to re-read the "Times of India." I have never asserted that the Old Boys' Association has either started or sanctioned this fund, as the Nawab evidently seems to have understood me to say. His writing to the Secretary of that Association was therefore as futile as the two disclaimers, and the reply of the Secretary of that Association is wholly irrelevant in accusing me of fraudulently advertising the Fund as the creation of others than the real organizers.

The Nawab has said that my "letter is calculated to make the readers think that the Fund is started with the sanction and authority of the Old Boys," meaning thereby their Association. My letter is calculated to make the readers think nothing of the sort. The Fund is useful enough to appeal to the public in its own name without palming itself off as the creation of Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk and his "confreres."

I strongly disagree with Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk's ideas on discipline as applied to the collection of funds for any cause. Nowhere in the civilized world is it forbidden for Undergraduates to collect funds which have no connection with their college, and in my own Oxford career I have assisted in the collection of funds even with the existence of which my tutors were unacquainted. If any Aligarh students volunteer to undertake any such collections during their vacations it cannot consistently be said that they are wasting their time, for every year deputations of students have been asked to travel through the length and breadth of India for collecting subscriptions, not all of which are connected with or sanctioned by the college. I would instance the Female Education Deputation of the last two years which appealed to me also for assistance. Though the collections are for a most laudable object, they cannot be said to be undertaken for helping the college, and if I am not much mistaken it has never been thought necessary to obtain any sanction from the authorities for the action of the students once they are outside the college walls during the vacations. Unless there is a reasonable ruling on the subject, the present action of these students who may be collecting subscriptions for the "Bait-ul-Mal" is in no sense an act of insubordination. It is surely very ridiculous on the part of any one to say that only such subscriptions are proper as are considered proper by him. And Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk's dogmatic assertions remind one of the good old Bishop who told an opponent "Orthodoxy is my doxy and heterodoxy is your doxy." No reasonable person would tolerate the presumption of the Nawab that Aligarh Trustees have a monopoly of starting and sanctioning the collection of funds. Apart from this incidental controversy about the "Bait-ul-Mall" it is plain that a much greater question that now arises is whether Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk is not by his rash action, for which the cue has come as usual from "very high quarters," creating an irreconcilable schism among the supporters of Mohamedan education and of the Aligarh College.

Though the party that sighs for a little more expansion and independence of action is composed mostly of men who have not yet lived the full span of life according to the psalmist, I venture to say that it is not devoid of that wisdom which is necessary for public life. The Nawab has openly confessed that people in the Punjab and elsewhere have declared themselves tired of his leadership and would have none of him in the new movements of Mohamedan India. But though they have shown much indifference of late towards the Aligarh College, which was, as the world knows, so nobly helped by the "Zinda-dilan i-Punjab," they have not yet taken to active hostility against it.

I would earnestly appeal to the Nawab to pause and consider his work of destruction. Would he for the sake of that trumpery recognition which no great man has needed, and which has never made a small one great, destroy that solidarity of the educated Mohamedan community which it took Syed Ahmad a whole life-time of earnest endeavour and never-failing patience to bring into existance? Will he have all the gew-gaws of evanescent fame with the deathless dishonour of having destroyed by his own weakness what it took his predecessor so long to create?

I regret that I have to allude to my own humble personality before closing this letter. No accusation would affect me so grievously as that you have so recklessly published. You say that I have for some time past shown myself "to be working against Aligarh." The chief sin to which I would cry *peccavi* is that I have criticised the constitution and the resulting indifference of the Aligarh Trustees. But you yourself are a party to this heinous crime, as an article appeared in your own issue of the 8th of January as a leader, of which I am now compelled to announce through your own columns the authorship as mine. I regret that you have not more explicitly stated my "part in the recent trouble at Aligarh," as that would have given me an opportunity of defending myself. But if you remember, it was on the afternoon of a day in January when I was requested by you personally in your own office to indite a leading article on the subject of the strike which I did, and which duly appeared in your columns as the leading article on the next morning. I do not appeal to your sense of fairness but to your appreciation of the grotesque and the ridiculous, to judge your consistency as your own editorial bar.

I may however add that my innocence was proved, if proof was necessary, during the sittings of the Commission which enquired into the causes of the strike, and I do not wish to bring into the witness-box any other witness than the Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk who disclaimed all sympathy and agreement with the rumour set afloat against me by certain people living at Aligarh. Only as recently as the end of July the Nawab Sahib wished to arrange with me for a certain deputation in support of the College, and if this means working against it, I should like to know what you think of my would-be collaborator. I would request you to give this letter of mine the same publicity that you have given to the so-called disclaimers, or I would be compelled to defend the "Bait-ul-Mal" and its organisers through juster journals than yours. But on no account do I allow you to publish mere extracts from my letters as you have recently done from those of others on the same subject. If your columns are opened to me I intend writing a series of articles about the want of system in the management of the finances of the College due to the reckless indifference of the Trustees in all their dealings with the College affairs, proving on the strength of their own assertions in their own reports how far Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk and the Trustees of the College have mismanaged the great trust of the public, and thereby forfeited all their claims on its sympathy.—Yours, &c.,

MAHOMED ALI.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s Mail steamer *Persia*, which is expected to arrive in Bombay on Friday, from England, with the English mail, brings the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Allen, Miss
Andrews, Mrs and Miss
Arrindell, Mr C B
Bayley, Mr A S B
Burlton, Mrs
Baar, Mr S
Brocklebank, Miss
Billar, Miss J B
Browne, Mrs S
Bell, Mr J B
Bate, Col A L F and Mrs
Broom, 2 Misses
Bell, Mr R D Mrs and infant
Burry, Miss O
Carab, Mr G
Clemo, Mr W F
Clutterbuck, Mrs P H
Cowan, Mrs E H and 2 infants
Cure, Mrs R O
Croxford, Mr H W Mrs and 2 children
Clark, Lady W O and Miss
Chase, Mr and Mrs
Collingridge, Lt H F
Clark, Mrs and infant
Chilwell, Miss
Clarke, Mr
Clegy, Mr G W B
Dawson, Mr O B
Daniell, Miss E M P
Dalgiel, Mrs and child
Davies, Mr C
Davies, Mr V
Douglas, Miss
Forrestier-Wilson, Miss
Forrestier-Wilson, Miss V
Freeman, Mr T P and Mrs
Farmer, Miss
Finn, Mrs A H
Finn, Mrs M A
Finn, Mr B A
Ford, Mr C W
Gates, Mrs F
Graham, Miss
Griffith, Mr L
Gillan, Mrs P M
Gilbert, Mrs
Hardengue, Mrs
Hardengue, Mr C B
Hirst, Mrs R B
Holland, Maj G L and Mrs
Hingston, Mrs
Hammond, Mr G and Mrs
Hodgson, Maj and Mrs
Hendley, Mrs
Hawkins, Lt C
Hill, Mr M
Keightley, Mr W and Mrs and children
Kensington, Hon Mr Justice
Kensington, Mrs and Miss
Last, Mr W A W and Mrs
Lambert, Mrs J H
Lemens, Mr F A and Mrs
Langden, Maj Mrs and infant
Long, Mr T
Little, Mrs
Lowson, Mr A S J
Mason, Mr F
Mackintosh, Mrs
Meehennet, Mr Jas
Moon, Miss
Neill, Capt G W G
Nevinson, Mrs S A
Newland, Mrs
Oldham, Maj B C
Parry, Miss
Pollock, Lt J A
Powell, Capt J E
Palmer, Mr H
Rose, Mr J F and Mrs and child
Short, Mrs G R
Seals, Mr J W and Mrs
Silan, Mr A
Smith, Mr H
Steele, Miss
Steele, Miss G
Sutherland, Mrs W
Stewart, Miss D
Traylen, Mr G D and Mrs and 2 children
Turner, Maj H H H
Tobbs, Mr F B
Townsend, Mr G M
Vernon, Mr J J
Watson, Mr Jas, Mrs and child
Wilson, Mr W and Mrs
Weir, Mr C S
Wand, Mr P and Mrs
Wilson, Miss

FROM MARSEILLES.

Abbott, Mr E
Alladyce, Capt J
Anderson, Miss M
Angel, Col T W P
Argyle, Lt E F
Addington, Hon Mrs H W
Arbuthnot, Mr F B
Adams, Mrs
Barnes, Mr G M
Barnard, Mr and Mrs R
Barr, Mr S
Browning, Mrs H B
Bolloan, Capt G H
Brooking, Col H T and Mrs
Burcher, Mr F T
Boyd, Mr H A
Browne, Lt-Col C A R
Broadway, Mrs E R
Baker, Mrs H W
Butler, Mr S D
Bewes, Mrs
Bewes, Mr L H
Beard, Capt J E
Bennett, Mr F D
Banks, Mr G M
Bell, Mrs Lynden
Bottomley, Miss A M
Behrens, Mr F
Ball, Mr H U
Canning, Mr F
Cooper, Mr R D
Colchester, Mr G M
Colchester, Miss G M
Cook, Mr J P and Mrs
Chesney, Mrs
Considine, Mr W J
Craddock, Mrs H R
Clark, Mr C A
Coggan, Mrs H D
Cooper, Mrs H D and child
Clark, Mrs H S and child and infant
Chambers, Mr H
Crighton, Major
Clarke, Mr G M
Day, Mr M A L
Dean, Lady
Dick, Mr and Mrs G P
Das, Mr W S
Das, Miss S B
Duncan, Mr D J
DeGale, Mr W A S
English, Mr T M and Mrs
English, Mr S A
Fagan, Mr P J
Fallett, Miss
Ferrier, Mr J L
Fellowes, Capt B C
French, Mrs T H
Gough, Capt G and Mrs
Godwin, Capt C A C and Mrs
Gordon, Maj L A
Goodfellow, Miss B
Grant, Lt R P
Grenham, Mr
Graham, Capt B
Grant, Lt C J F
Girvin, Mr F C
H H the Maharajah of Bickaner and 3 children
Hunter, Miss
Hill, Capt G M
Hulls, Mr E B and Mrs and child
Harwood, Mrs H
Hollins, Mr G T
Hodson, Lt C P
Herbelein, Mr and Mrs H and 2 children
Hobson, Mrs
Higgon, Mr A B
Huddleston, Mr and Mrs R C T
Innes, Mr J and Mrs
Innis, Maj R J and Mrs
Ince, Miss V
Jal, Mr
Jenning, Capt W
Jannes, Mr J
Kanwar Bhairum Singh
Kanwar Prith Ros Singh
Kanwar Bandit Singh
Kanwar Georaj Singh
Kanka Rajah of
Loverier, Lt W R
Malcolm, Mr W A
Michalis, Mr M G
Nostman, Capt
Rose, Capt F
Todd, Lt A A
Trevor, Mr and Mrs M
Vandeleur, Major
Wilkinson, Mr M
Walker, Capt O B

FROM BRINDISI.

Baillie-Hamilton, Capt G O
Beadon, Major J C
Bramwell, Major H D
Bramwell, Hon Mrs
Davies, Lt T A
Forward, Mr A
Garratt, Mr D
Henry, Major-Genl G
Henry, Mrs
Holloway, Col E L
Lathbury, Mr G C

FOR BUSSORAH.

Higgins, Mr S G

FOR KARACHI.

Learoyed, Mrs and infant
Marriots, Capt A B
Moneriff, Mr A L M
Moneriff, Mr L M
Shepphird, Mr R
Smith, Col and Mrs G B
Tritton, Col C
Twigg, Major C F
Waud, Mr and Mrs Percy

FOR RANGOON.

Hort, Mr C

FOR HONGKONG.

Coventry, Mr L C

FOR YOKOHAMA

Walner, Mr P D

FOR SYDNEY.

Davis, Mrs

Amesbury, Mr T M
Bell, Lt W B
Bhurgri, Mr G M
Beaton, Mr E B
Burton, Mrs W E F
Churchill, Lt W M
Dealey, Major
Griffiths, Major C
Hesketh, Capt and Mrs
Blohm, Mr A
Hamilton, Mr J D
Blackwell, Mr W G
Jones, Mr F G

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

The following is the list of Messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay:—

Hyderabad Do, Macsteven; Mormugao, Vulg; Bassora, Sihachon Bombay; Bhavnagar, Vadtal Chhotalal; Rawalpindi, Capt Illins; Mundra (cb), Parshottam Vsianji Vadgadi; Allahabad, Bomanshaw Minocharhonji Taj Mahal Hotel; Rutlam, Lalcobhai Nagindas; Dhar, Jivanraj; Agra, Dronchi Esq Doctor Lawrence; Karachi City, Coonstina Gosgalli; Aligarh Shivjubhai; Baroda, Vishun Fundirkar Improvement Trust Baithcochaul; Alwar City, Mohilal Sahookar Kothi 9638 Government Branch Magistrate Boribunder, Poona City, M. Z. D'Souza Church Street; Bahrain, Hafiz Mohomed Ismail Merchant Bhindittasar, Hesabkhan; Aliappy, Hesrenss; Westlidey Scotsoz Company Bombay; Aden, Ahmedabahmed Bombay; Nizamabad, Linkum Beenhppa; Bairagiri, Empire Trading Company Malcom Street.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

Ninth Extra Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCTOBER 9.

There was quite the usual week-day attendance this afternoon and those who were present evidently meant business, and a great deal of punting was done, and the honours on the whole were equally divided. for the Nursery Plate thirteen maiden Arabs were stripped and Herricul was considered a safe thing and proved so while a good bit of place money was also secured on Moscow and Elector Young Gazelle at six to four against, Caravan, at twos, Grey Falcon at threes and Shanwar at fives were fancied for the Lilliput Handicap, and the race eventually was between the quartette and in an excited finish Grey Falcon annexed the stakes. The Auction Plate found only three starters and Mr. Philip's Epitome jumping away with a lead held the command all the way and won as she liked. At the auction she was bought in for Rs. 3,050. Ten handsome sons of the desert were brought out for the Bedouin Handicap, a long distance race for Arabs. and public fancy, between Nooman, Moreed, Eed, Moonib Pasha and Skylark. But the first named was, however, considered the best thing on recent form, and was backed heavily. A splendid race was witnessed and Williams brought Nooman home winner after a great struggle up the straight with Eed and Moereed.

Five sprinters were seen out in the Strangers Plate and R. R. S's Stable had two on the card capable of winning and they elected to start by Posco who, despite his burden of 9st 13lbs, won very gamely after a close race with Rustile, only a neck separating them. A closed race remains a puzzle as of old, and six to one chance Nell Gwynne romped home an easy first. while the favourite, Lady Lomond, was nowhere.

Arab Pony Plate saw a good field saddled and Company who carried at three against a great pot refused to join his field at the very entrance to the course, and, throwing down his rider, bolted from the course and was never seen again. This race was a total outsiders' event, and twenty to one chance Dumra turned up winner while the favourite, Squire, could only secure third place. Mudlool ran very consistently but had to give in before a determined dash of Yusuff. It was an excellent afternoon of sport, and the finishes were first rate. Good time was put in throughout, and Posco's one minute and one and four-fifth seconds for the five furlongs and odd yards is a new record. The day was warm and everything indicated that we are nearing the winding up. The Tenth Extra Meeting comes off on Saturday. The following are details.:—

NURSERY PLATE.

Mr Ali bin Talib's Heericul 7st 13lbs ... Heeroo 1
Mr Dawood Essack's Moscow 7st 7lbs ... J Killorn 2
Aga Mirza and Waheed's Elector 8st 7lbs (carried 8st 8lbs) ..... J Taylor 3
Mr Murray's Imtiyas 7st 4lbs (carried 7st 8lbs) ..... Yussuff 4

Also ran:—Salvador 9st 4lbs, Express 8st 13lbs, Zir 8st, Lisbon 7st 12lbs, Gorak 7st 11lbs, (carried 7st 12lbs,) Makhul 7st 8lbs, Baroda 7st 4lbs, (carried 7st 5lbs,) Kabil 6st 13lbs, Ragub 6st 9lbs.

Betting:—2 to 1 against Herricul, 3 to 1 Moscow, 4 to 1 Elector, 5 to 1 Lisbon, 8 to 1 Gorak, 10 to 1 and 20 to 1 the others.

The Race.—Moscow was slightly left at the start and Lisbon led Herricul and Express to the bend, when the leader began to fall back and Moscow and Elector began to come up. Assuming a lead up the straight Herricul raced in front, the rest of the distance, and though Moscow tried to give trouble, the favourite's position was safe and he won by a length, and three-quarters of a length between 2nd and 3rd. Time—1min 9secs.

Winner trained by C. B. Mahomed.

LILLIPUT HANDICAP.

Aga Shah's Grey Falcon 8st 8lbs ..... Kamad 1
Mr S N Muhomed's Caravan 7st 9lbs (carried 7st 10lbs) ..... Southal 2
Mr Kelsos Young Gazelle 9st 2lbs ..... J Killorn 3
Mr Haji Allii Shabag's Shanwar 9st 4lbs. F. Williams 4

Also ran:—Whirlwind 7st 6lbs, Calcutta 7st 5lbs, Gaucho 7st 3lbs, Solicitor 7st 2lbs, Koomash 7st, Adham 6st 12lbs (carried 7st 8lbs), Engine 6st 7lbs, (carried 6st 9lbs.)

Betting:—6 to 4 against Young Gazelle, 2 to 1 Caravan, 3 to 1 Grey Falcon, 5 to 1 Shanwar, 8 to 1 Goucho and Engine, and longer odds the others.

The Race:—The field were given a good send-off, with the exception of Solicitor, who was left at the post. Koomash was quickest out of the gate and raced in front followed by Shanwar, Engine and Young Gazelle to the bend, where the leader dropped back and Engine held the lead for a while. Then Young Gazelle assumed commandership, closely followed by Caravan, Grey Falcon and Shanwar, and up the distance an exciting race followed in which Grey Falcon and Caravan displaced the favourite in front of the stand, the former winning the race by three-quarters of a length, while Young Gazelle finished half a length off Caravan. A good fourth. Time.—1 min. 22 3/5 secs.

Winner trained by Ali Mahomed.

AUCTION PLATE.

Mr Philip's Epitome 8st 4lbs ..... J Killorn 1
Aga Shah's Nat Gould 7st 7lbs ..... Kamad 2
G. K.'s Jubilant 7st 11lbs ..... Heeroo 3

Betting.—5 to 4 on Nat Gould, evens Epitome, fours against Jubilant.

THE RACE.—Soon after the start Epitome took a long lead from Nat Gould and Jubilant and maintaining the same order throughout, Killorn won, pulling up by three lengths; one and a half lengths dividing second and third. Time—1 min 33 3/5 secs.

Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.

At the auction the winner was bought in by the owner for Rs. 2,050.

BEDOUIN HANDICAP.

Mr. M. A. Khan's Nooman 8st 11lbs ... J Williams 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Eed 8st 4lbs ..... Heeroo 2
Messrs Mahomed and Saif's Mooreed 7st 11b (carried 7st 3lbs) ..... A Hoyt 3
Mr Graham's Moonib Pasha 7st 12lbs ..... Melsom 4

Also ran:—Melbourne 8st 7lbs, Skylark 8st, (carried 8st 2lbs) King Cobweb 7st 13lbs, Spearmint 7st 11lbs (carried 7st 12lbs) Money Spinner 7st 10lbs, Scarlet 6st 10lbs.

Betting.—6 to 4 against Nooman, fours Moored and Eed five Moonib, Pasha, sixes Skylark, sevens Money Spinner, tens and twenties the others.,

The Race.—Moonib Pasha gave trouble at the post and when the field were let out of the gate Melbourne showed the way to Moereed, Nooman Skylark and Scarlet, and at the nine furlongs the last named began to go up to the leader and assumed the leadership at the mile post with Moereed in second place and Moonib-Pasha third. The order continued to the half mile where Moereed went to the front and Eed and Nocman lay next. At the bend Nooman began to go up to the leader and up the distance a great race ensued in which Nooman won by half a length. head separated Eed and Moereed, while Moonib-Pasha was also very close up. Time—2mins. 52secs.

Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.

STRANGERS' PLATE.

R. R. S.' Posco 9st 13lbs ..... F Williams 1
Thakur Sripal Singh's Rustile 7st 10lbs ... Southal 2
Messrs Wood and Badger's Dunsinane 7st 3lbs, (carried 7st 5lbs) ..... R W Fraser 3
Mr Gooculdas's Lady Metal 9st 3lbs ..... A Hoyt 4

Also ran:—Adelaide 6st 13lbs.

Betting:—6 to 4 on Posco, threes against Lady Metal, 7 to 2 Rustile, fives the others.

The Race.—Adelaide at once took the lead on the rails and, followed by Rustile, raced to the home turn where the field closed up. Rustile was in the lead at the straight and here came Posco and after a great race home between the pair Williams secured the verdict by a neck. Dunsinane coming up with a late run was placed third, half a length off. Time, —1min 1 4/5 secs.

Winner trained by Byramji Rustomjee.

WELTER PLATE.

Captain Gibb's and Mr Baron's Nell Gwynne 6st 6lbs (carried 9st 9lbs) ..... Northmore 1
Captain McNeile's White Heather 9st 11lbs. Owner 2
Mr Tomkinson's Craig 9st 13lbs (carried 10st 4lbs Owner 3

Messrs Piaff and Rommell's Projecture 11st 12lbs ..... Mr Rommell 4

Also ran.—Umutbee 10st 9lbs, Lady Lomond 9st 10lbs.

Betting:—5 to 4 against Lady Lomond thro White Heather, fours Craig, sixes Projecture and Nell-Gwynne, tens Umutbee.

The Race:—Projecture cut out work from the start from White Heather and Craig and raced to the bend where she went wide and White Heather led for home. Up the distance Nell Gwynne came up with a hot run and overhauling White Heather before the tents won by three-quarters of length; length divided second and third. Time.—1 min. 18 secs.

Winner trained privately.

ARAB PONY PLATE.

Mr. Abil's Dumra 7st 10lbs ..... Yusuff 1
Mr Readymoney's Mudlool 9st ..... Forster 2
Mr Adil's Squire 7st 11lbs ..... Southal 3
Messrs Gooculdas and Garda's Kour Saheb 8st ..... A Hoyt 4

Also Ran:—Ashroff 9st 12lb, Salaanic 9st 4lbs, Gold Mint 8st 7lbs, Royal Red 7st 6lbs, Madras 8st 6lbs, Advocate General 7st, Wadi 7st.

Betting:—6 to 4 against Squire, threes Gold Mint, fives Company and Wadi, sixes Salaanic and Highborn, sevens Mudlool, tens and twenties the other.

The Race:—As the horses were passing the gate to the course Company shied and throwing down his rider bolted away from the course and did not take part in the race. From a good start Wadi led Squire and Highborn to the bend where the leader was done and Squire led Mudlool into the straight. Here Salaanic came to the front for a while, then at the distance Mudlool with Squire were making headway for home when on the outside came Dumra with a great run and Yusuff riding a determined race, Dumra won by one and a half lengths. Three quarters a length second and third. Time.—1 min. 24 secs.

Winner trained by Fahad Binsaif.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

Final Meeting.

THE final meeting of the Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports was held yesterday afternoon on the Marine Lines ground. It was largely attended by the Gymkhana members and ladies, and the programme, which contained five items, was very successfully gone through. The Honorary Secretary, Mr. Henderson Gray, and his colleague Capt. Pratt are once more to be congratulated upon providing another series of interesting and amusing events. Keen competition was evidenced in every event, and the competitors manifested the zeal and ardour of true sportsmen. These sporting meetings during the monsoon provide a recreation which has found so much favour with the Gymkhana members that the counter-attractions elsewhere seemed never to affect the Mud Sports. The ladies' nomination races have invariably proved very interesting. That there are so many sporting ladies among us could be seen from the entries which the Honorary Secretaries weekly received in all "ladies' events." The Bands of the 113th Infantry and the Railway Volunteers had lent an additional charm to the pleasant afternoons we have had week after week. One of the principal reasons why these meetings were so popular is that there was no monotony to tire out the spectators and that there was always something novel and amusing in the programme, which proved what a fund of originality the Secretaries possessed.

The following are the details and results of yesterday's meeting:—

BENDING RACE.

J. M. C. Scott 2

AFFINITY EVENT.

In this event the lady was to take the ring and the gentleman to take the peg.

Mr and Mrs Graham 1
Mr Meikle and Mrs McCausland 2

UMBRELLA AND CHEROOT RACE.

This was a ladies' nomination race, in which the gentlemen were to assemble (dismounted), and with the assistance of their partners to light the cheroot and open the umbrella. They had then to mount and ride a given course. First past winning post with the cheroot alight and the umbrella open was to win.

Mr H. B. Saxby and Miss Horbury 1
Capt A. C. Pratt and Miss Russell 2

PONY SCURRY.

Mr. F. R. Hill's "Billy," owner 1
Mr. B. H. Mundy's "Jim," Mr. E.C. Griffin ... 2

BALACLAVA MELEE.

This was a competition by teams. The teams assembled near the Judge's table, two teams at a time, and were provided with jackets, masks and sticks, the masks carrying cockades of different colours. The competitors then mounted and on the word "Attack" being given, each team advanced and endeavoured to strike off his adversary's plume. The competitor had to retire when the plume was knocked off or when he was driven out of the arena. The team with the last man left in to win.

Messrs. Shanks Saxby, Clare and Baird 1
Capt. Pratt, Messrs Scott, Hill and Hewat ... 2

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS IN POONA.

Billiard and Shooting Matches.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCTOBER 9.

Last night after dinner, Bombay and Poona Volunteers and their friends had a social evening together, which lasted up to midnight.

Meanwhile the billiard tournament advanced a stage towards the finals. Two games were played, one between Color-Sergt Luxa, B. V. R., versus Vol. Gardner P. V. R. The latter won. The second game was between Vol. Irani, Poona Vols. and Vol. Lawrence, Bombay Volunteers. Lawrence won leaving the finals yet to be played.

The two teams went out again to Wanowrie this morning to complete the shooting match. The morning was a bit hazy but cleared later on. Poona Volunteers won the match. The prize offered for the highest score, which was kindly presented by Mr. Ben Smith was awarded to Corporal Neemuchvala, P. V. R., for a score of 34 whilst the Silver Medal for the second best shot, kindly presented by Sergt Major Downing, fell to Sergt. Major Baulch. The following are the scores:—

Six hundred yards.—P. V. R. Vol. Irani 22; Sergt Instructor Wallace 21! Corpl Neemuchvala 34 (prize); Vol Mcdonald 24; Lce. Corpl. Carey 31; Sergt. Rushton 24; Sergt. Major Boulch 23; (silver medal); Lieut. Clabby 24. Total 208.

B. V. R.—S. M. Downing 25; Sergt. Gidney 26; Lance Corpl. Cooke 27; Vol. Taylor 23; Sergt. Netscher 26; Colour-Sergt Luxa 20; Vol. Lawrence 24; Vol. Greahy 22. Total 193.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st Sept. on 17·28 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	500	200	....	700
Or per mile of Rail way	29	12	....	41
For previous 11 weeks of half-year.	4,502	2,069	10	6,581
Total for 12 weeks..	5,002	2,269	10	7,281
Comparison Total for corresponding week of previous year ..	269	151	2	552
Per mile of Ry. &c.	38	9	....	32
Total to corresponding date &c ..	4,899	1,283	84	6,266

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 148
Do, to date ..... „ 1,015

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st Sept. on 141·M Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated).	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	6,000	8,000	....	14,000
Or per miles of Railway	43	57	....	99

BY THE WAY.

HAVE A DRINK?

"Fairplay" writes pathetically to the *Civil and Military Gazette*:—

Sir,—Though there is no clearly defined silly season in this country, may I sieze the fleeting moments of the Home era to air my own silly ideas?

The case is thus. A man of mature age, and of assured financial position, I cannot enter my own club, or even my own mess, without being assailed with offers of a drink; as if I was either so far an imbecile as not to know when I want a drink or when I don't, or so poor that charity steps in to provide the necessary sustenance.

As a general rule I am a truthful man, but the number of lies I have had to tell over that one little matter must be giving the Recording Angel a lot of unnecessary trouble. I tried the tee-total dodge first, and declined on those grounds; but they worked round that with lemon squashes and offer things I dislike. Then I lied to the effect that I didn't drink between meal, but got caught out over that feeble subterfuge, as was only to be expected.

Next I thought very deeply, and carefully examined the problem, and the light broke in on me. I discovered in fact that all these offers of drinks were not dictated by hospitality, or "bonhommie," or even my own personal popularity; but were merely a commercial matter. If "A" stood me a drink today, I was expected to stand that gentleman one of the same value, calculated out in annas and pies next day. That gave me my cue, I at once capt all lies and subterfuges to the wind, and whenever anyone offered me a drink I took one, the most expensive I could think of; but I carefully avoided offering anyone a drink in return. After about a week I found that all the friends who lay in my route became suddenly absorbed and didn't notice me. So I took a step further and attacked the bar where knots of men were standing, and in the most shameless manner cadged drinks, especially from those who had been my chief persecutors.

After a fortnight my more arrival had a most magical effect, and must have seriously affected the bar receipts. With one accord all who knew me fled under various pretexts, and I actually succeeded in getting a drink I wanted, not at someone else's expense, and not saddled with half a dozen other drinks.

But two things had suffered badly in the process; one was my health and the other was my popularity. And that is my grievance and that is where I want help and advice; for the plague is only stayed, and will break out again whenever I go to a new station; and then I shall have all this worry and trouble over again.

My plain question is why should my health be destroyed and my popularity annihilated, at the altar of a "cheap," and not very exalted class of hospitality, borrowed from, well, not the highest classes of American and Colonial society?

P. S.—I find I cadged exactly Rs. 239-4-9 worth of drinks, and this sum I have distributed, as "conscience" money amongst a few deserving charities.

AUSTRALIA AND THE STRAND "ISLAND SITE."

Sir William Lyne has informed the Commonwealth Parliament that the Government had not yet definitely decided on acquiring the section of the "island site" in the Strand as to which he and Mr. Deakin had obtained an option from the London County Council. The option covered a frontage of 70ft. but personally Sir William favoured a frontage of 195ft., so that a really first class Australian building six stories high might be erected with adequate accommodation for the State Agents, as well as the High Commissioner of the Commonwealth. Mr. Deakin's illness has delayed a decision in this important matter.

SAMUEL PEPYS, HIS BOOKS.

Cambridge still makes haste slowly. Magdalene College has had possession of Pepys's library of nearly three hundred volumes since 1723, and has at last decided to have them catalogued. Even a glance at them, as they lie on the oak shelves familiar to readers of the Diary brings home to one the catholic tastes of the man. Mediæval manuscripts, a unique collection of books and papers on naval matters, 150 early printed books, many musical manuscripts, four Caxtons, and several volumes avowedly stolen from unappreciative owners—surely, by a man's books shall you read his heart!

WHERE WYNKYN DE WORDE WAS BURIED.

St. Bride's, Fleet-street, which has just been reopened after restoration, is the only London church dedicated to that sixth-century St. Bridget who was buried in the same grave with St. Patrick, and whose name is borne by countless Irish maidens. The admired spire, though twice reduced in height, remains still the tallest of the steeples quaintly added to "classic" buildings by Wren, if this was not designed by his daughter. Many famous Fleet-street worthies were buried here, including Wynkyn de Worde, the early sixteenth-century printer; Lovelace, the hapless cavalier-poet, and Samuel Richardson.

THE IMPERIAL GERMAN NAVY,

Mr. L. Cope Cornford has a paper on this subject in the "Pall Mall Magazine" for October. He recently paid a visit to several of the German battleships, and one veteran Kapitan-zur-See delivered his soul to this effect: "The German Navy is strictly for defence. These people who write for the newspapers—yes, on both sides—they lie." The Emperor himself told me, walking on this quarterdeck, that his intention was peace. "I have now been Emperor for seventeen years, and when I came to the throne they all said I would make war. I have made no war. But I will be master in my own house! We do not want more territory—our frontiers are trouble enough as it is—we want to be master in our own house. We are a serious people. We have a serious notion of our duty." This latter fact, Mr. Cornford says, was evident even in a walk round the ship.

IN 1848 AND TO-DAY.

The Imperial German Navy, if its genesis is dated from the Prussian Navy of 1848, is, Mr. Cornford goes on to point out, but little more than half a century old. In 1848 the nation felt no interest in sea-power; no money was provided for naval purposes; there were no dockyards in which a warship could be built; and there were neither officers nor men. To-day, the German Navy League numbers some 800,000 members; the current year's expenditure is over eleven millions sterling; hammers are ringing upon the steel hulls of warships in the Imperial dockyards of Kiel, Wilhelmshaven, and Danzig, and in private yards at Bremen, Hamburg, Stettin, and Kiel; there is an Active Battle Fleet of twenty-two battleships, complete with all units, armoured cruisers, scouts, and destroyer flotillas; there are some 33,500 men and officers, with a reserve of about 111,000.

GLASGOW'S DRUNKENNESS—NOVEL SCHEME.

The drunkenness prevalent in the streets of Glasgow on Saturday evenings has attracted the attention of the Salvation Army officials in the city and Colonel Byres commanding the provincial centres of Scotland, has decided to introduce a scheme to deal with this excessive drinking. Colonel Byres was to use his own expression, "appalled by the number of drunken men and women" he saw; and according to the "Glasgow News" personal investigations on successive Saturday evenings led him to the conclusion that much could be done to assist and possibly reform the victims of the alcoholic habit by a corps on the lines of the German Brigade, which has been so successful in dealing with intoxicated persons found in the streets of the Fatherland. Accordingly he has instituted a brigade on somewhat similar principles to those of the German unit of the organisation.

HOW IT IS WORKED.

There have been set apart for the work Army halls in a number of districts. Special staffs of from four to six men, under a captain will make these hall their headquarters on Saturday night. The men of the new brigade will patrol the street in their district on Saturday evenings, and intoxicated persons, men or women, who are incapable of taking care of themselves and who are willing to accompany the officers will be taken to the hall, where they will be received by male and female attendants. There they will be dosed with hot coffee and where necessary will receive medical or surgical treatment. When those so treated become sober they will be taken home visited from time to time and efforts made to bring them under good influences and make them forsake their evil habit. The chief constable of the city has expressed his approval of the scheme and the members of the police force will co-operate with the Salvation Army officials.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FEATHER TRIMMINGS.

In spite of the fact that peacocks' feathers—both in the form of a design for jewelled embroideries and as a millinerial trimming—are being somewhat discountenanced this year, one of the most fashionable, and by far the most popular colours which has so far appeared on the modistic horizon is a bright dark shade of peacock blue. This is reproduced in silk, cloth, velvet, and serge "ad infinitum," and is becoming almost an article of faith with the "couturiere" of to-day, especially where the plain tailor-made costume—bound with bright surfaced Russian braid in the same tint, or edged with a gauged band of satin—is concerned. A dark peacock blue toque, trimmed, somewhat inconsistantly, with dyed pheasants' feathers, in the form of a long pad, from which spring a cluster of tail-feathers, is usually chosen as an accompaniment. As a matter of fact, where headgear is concerned, pheasants' wings or a composite collection of feathers put together to imitate them as nearly as possible, represent a species of "Leitmotif" to half the newest hats of a workmanlike description. Every second model nowadays is, besides, composed of black or coloured satin lined with white, or with another shade, this particular modistic law being rarely relaxed where the wide brimmed hat is concerned, while the upward curl of the brim in front is another feature which is almost inevitable.

COLOURED OWLS' HEADS AND LEAVES.

Next to feathers, which include owls' heads in pale powder shades allied to broad folded wings which belong by rights to quite another ornithological species altogether a great many of the new hats are encircled with wreaths of shaded velvet ivy leaves in a variety of different sizes, and every conceivable autumn tint, from pale lemon to crimson, or from orange to bronze, a small blackbird being poised exactly in the centre of the wreath. Huge panaches of coque's plumes in dark iridescent tints are likewise utilised, and are caught with giant cabuchons of plaited straw in shot tones, which protrude from the front of the hat like the head of a mammoth hatpin. A small model, which attracted a good deal of notice, by force of contrast, among a number of huge examples at a recent social gathering was carried out in a warm brown tint of fancy straw, with the suspicion of a point down the middle of the front. All round the edge the brim was adorned with a triple binding of velvet in a darker tone, while the trimming consisted of a pair of birds' breasts, with a short wide wing attached, the breast pads being brought together in the middle of the front so as to cover the sides of the hat, and ending in long tails of fine, spiky feathers, curled at the ends, and extending almost to the shoulders of the wearer.

FIFTY OSTRICH TIPS ON A SINGLE HAT.

Evening and restaurant hats always represent an important item of the Parisienne's outfit, and a large cloche, which was immensely long from back to front, was carried out in ivory poplin and wreathed with a thick full ruche of undyed ostrich tips in beige and white, slightly curled to give them a fluffy appearance, and comprising fifty in all, these being piled higher on the left side than the right, while a huge pale pink rose nestled among the fronds in the centre of the front, and a "cache-peigne" of coffee-coloured tulle fell over the hair at the back. Simple and charming as this wonderful erection might appear to the lay mind, the price of it would have made our grandmothers exclaim in pious horror, as much as 500fr. worth of feathers alone being used to form the wreath. Another evening hat, simpler and more suited to the average purse, was of "midnight blue" Chantilly net, with a full draped crown and drawn brim, the edge of which was bound with dark blue moire to match, while a twist of moire ribbon and a few large loops provided the only trimming. Six yards of piece silk to compose the adornment of a single hat seems an inexcusable extravagance on the part of the milliner, and few people who are not actually called upon to manipulate it can possibly realise how much is required to provide the huge choux and voluminous draperies which adorn the new examples of headgear. In the case of a hat carried out in bright grasshopper green felt, quantities of rich purple taffets were arranged in the form of a closely pleated ruche round the crown, caught down with a rope of green panne, two huge purple rosettes being introduced on one side and catching a couple of "Sauterelle" green quills, the ends of which were thrust through the centres of the choux.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

The Secretary begs to acknowledge with thanks receipt of the following contributions and gifts towards the above school:—

Amount previously acknowledged ...	33,610	14
The Bombay Municipal contribution for 1907-08	2,500	0
Manikshah J. Karani, Esq., Being the nett proceeds of a muscial entertainment given by Prof. Inayetkha R. Pathan, in aid of the above school on 1897-07	240	0
Parshotum Kanjee Esq., in memory of his late wife Bai Kaserbai	100	0
Hirjibhoy Manekji Sethna, Esq.	75	0
Dorabji Pestonji Camaji, Esq., London (through Mr. P. S. Poonajee)	31	0
Girdhardas Jethabhai, Esq., ...	25	0
Dr. Dayabhai Lalubhai Modi	25	0
Deva Kumar Jain, Esq., Rs. 15 for 1 Dilruba and Rs. 5 for clothing... ...	20	0
Sorabji Jamshedji Lalkaka, Esq., Jetpur, in sacred memory of his dear father ...	15	0
Shapurji Hormasji Patuck, Esq.... ...	15	0
In sacred memory of the 18th month ceremony of the late Bai Kharshetbai Shapurji Jivaji, Roj 11th Mah 1st Furvandin	15	0
Bai Gungabai (13th and 14th, donation)	12	0
Gulabdas Laldas Nanavati, Esq., in pious memory of his daughter Motegavri, for clothing the students	10	0
Gordhandas Vallabhdas, Esq., ...	10	0
Manmohandas Dayaldas, Esq., ...	10	0
Bai Jaiji Dhanjibhoy Rustomji Sethna, in sacred memory of her late revered mother Bai Hirabai, Roj Depdin, Mah Deb, Shansai	10	0
Sums of and under rupees five	66	0
Total Rs. ...	36,789	14

Gopaldas Liladhar, Esq.—4 pieces maderpat cloth weighing 39 3-4lbs.
Gopaldas Liladhar, Esq.—20 pylees rice.
Gopaldas Liladhar, Esq.,—8 pylees mug pulse.
Ramjee Mulji, Esq.—12 seers purees.
Thakordas Gangadas, Esq.—3 pieces Madras cloth, each 40 yds. long.
Permanand Chaturbhuj, Esq.—2 pharas rice.
Permanand Chaturbhuj, Esq.—2 pharas Toor pulse.
Permanand Chaturbhuj, Esq.—¼ tin ghee.
Bai Nandagavri Hiralal Saraiya—6 yds. black cotton cloth.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade.....	1	1	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri.....	2	2	18
C Market, Dhobi Talao Panaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	21
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi	0	0	5
E Mazgaon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	24
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	11
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	7
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	11
Total	3	3	104
Total plague deaths to date ..	141,982		
Same date last year	3	4	99

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

The following table shows the results of the rat campaign:—

OCTOBER, 8th 1907.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead.	Found Infected.
A	30	35	0
B	123	200	20
C	62	93	4
D	62	28	0
E	172	62	1
F & G	40	0	0
Total to date...	489	424	25
Total rats killed			913

MEN AND MATTERS.

ANECDOTES OF JOHN HARE.

THE age and personality of John Hare appear to have been always "wrapt in mystery," partly perhaps because he has always been averse to self-advertisement, and by the fact that he was from the first an old-man actor. And an actor's age is generally reckoned by that of the characters he represents. Sir Charles Wyndham will always, probably, remain a man of middle age, and yet John Hare is several years his junior. In these days of disillusionment, however, when most of our "jeunes premiers" are grandfathers, Hare's reputation has had to suffer, especially perhaps in the minds or imaginations of the fair sex. His age has been "handled rather carelessly" to quote the costor in court, and he has generally been regarded as "anything between eighty and ninety." This reminds one of the experience of Irving, to whom an old lady wrote, about twenty years ago, asking him if it were true he was getting on for seventy. "No," he replied, "but I hope it won't make any difference!"

A GENUINE COMPLIMENT.

Mr. Hare's first experience of mistaken identity and age occurred soon after he went on the stage, when, one day, he met an old schoolfellow for the first time for several years in a railway carriage on the Underground. He did not know that Hare had changed his family name of John Fairs or that he was an actor. Their conversation turned by degrees to the theatre and his schoolfellow asked him if he had seen "Society" at the Prince of Wales's. "No," replied Hare evasively, "I can't say I have seen it." "Then you should," said his friend. Its a fine play, and a—clever old man called Hare acts in it." On another occasion, Hare received an early morning call from a youthful admirer who had been introduced by a mutual friend, a a lictor, and wanted to present him with a dog—probably for a consideration. Hare was as much annoyed by the supercilious and patronising attitude of the owner as he was disappointed with the dog, but the reason for the former came out when he met the solicitor subsequently and learnt his admirer had been terribly annoyed. "The old man," he explained, was in bed and sent his son down to see me." Hare was then 25 years of age.

A REGAL HOSTESS, CAROLINE LADY SEAFIELD.

Perhaps the wealthiest of dowager Peeresses is Caroline Lady Seafield, the vigorous and remarkable old lady to whom belongs Tulchan Lodge—now leased from her by Mr Arthur Sassoon and whom the King will certainly honour by lunching with her in the splendid banqueting hall of Castle Grant. Sons of British birth, greatly as they love and revere their mothers, seldom make them their heiresses; an exception to the rule was that of eighth Earl of Seafield, who left every thing to the present Dowager Countess, excepting only Castle Grant, which is entailed. Caroline Lady Seafield was married to her late husband close on sixty years ago, but she still manages her vast Scottish property herself, and, when his Majesty is expected to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon, reserves the best beats of her shootings on the famous Castle Grant moors for the King's sport.

A TARTAN BOUDOIR.

Castle Grant is three miles from Tulchan, and the King, when going to lunch with Lady Seafield, will motor down one of the most lovely glens in the Highlands. The older part of the Castle is nearly six hundred years old, and the so-called new part dates from the seventeeth century. His Majesty during one of his visits there showed the keenest interest in the many relics kept there of the Grant family, and of the part they have played in the history of Scotland. All the stair-carpets are of the Grant tartan, and in Lady Seafield's own boudoir the curtains are of the Urquhart tartan spun by her ladyship herself from the wool of sheep fed on the estate. Lady Seafield has frequently entertained Royal visitors at Castle Grant. Queen Victoria stayed there some forty years ago and a more recent guest was the Crown Prince of Sweeden.

THE PARSON AND THE PAGEANT.

The Rev. Forbes Phillips, Vicar of Gorleston, has been fired by the success of the many pageants which have been promoted in England during the last summer and has decided to organise and write one for Gorleston so that that progressive district will have nothing to reproach itself with in the future. The writing of the pageant should be child's play to the versatile Vicar, for he has already given the stage tragedy, comedy, melodrama, and pantomime. The Vicar, who seems to be the English equivalent of Father O'Flynn, is one of the most delightful of characters, who has done much to contribute to the gaiety of nations. He represents the very acme of broadmindedness, an attitude which has done more for his flock at Gorleston than people at first sight might imagine. His brother is Mr. Stephen Phillips, the Poet-dramatist, who at one time acted in Mr. F. R. Benson's company, and it was probably due to this relationship that the Rev. Forbes Phillips became first enamoured of the stage.

HOW THE CHOIR GOT NEW SURPLICES.

An amusing instance of the Vicar's methods is exhibited in the true story of how he obtained new surplices for his choir. "The collection this morning," he began one eventful Sunday, "will be for the purpose of providing the choir with new cassocks and surplices. Pray give cheerfully." At the evening service the Vicar arose in his pulpit and began in tones of gentle insinuation, "I think there must be a little misunderstanding between us, I did not ask you to buy me a new surplice, but the whole of the Gorleston perish choir. Thirty-two and six—the amount of your offerings this morning—will not go far towards doing that. Now, I quite frankly own that a surpliced choir is a luxury, which is not in any way necessary to salvation. The churchwardens tell me that you are too poor to provide the surplices, I think otherwise; but when I am poor I do without luxuries. You must do the same. Whether Gorleston has a surpliced choir or not depends entirely upon you." The following Sunday the choir—which is the pride of East Anglia—presented a terrible picture of destitation. All of the members wore tattered and ragged surplices and cassocks so that they looked like the army of a sacerdotal Falstaff. The music was cut down to a minimum, the chants were said, and the voices of the choir even seemed to have caught the infection of penury. That night the churchwardens could scarcely stagger beneath the weight of coin put into the offertory by a repentant congregation, and the next day the Vicar was in London selecting the costumes for his choir.

A GIPSY'S PROPHECY.

When the Rev. Forbes Phillips had just been ordained and was leaving the church an old gipsy woman accosted him in the customary desire to tell his fortune. The newly-ordained cleric was extremely wrath, and threatened the old dame with all the terrible penalties of the law. "How dare you?" he asked indignatly. "How, dare you? I have half a mind to send for a policeman." The gipsy woman was probably of Irish descent, or else she had kissed the Blarney stone, for she replied soothingly, "Ah no you won't, I saw by your face that you wouldn't be so cruel as that, or I wouldn't have spoken to you." This subtle flattery had the desired effect, and passers-by who chose to glance up a side-turning were rewarded by the sight of "a pale-young curate" holding forth his palm for examination by a dishevelled old gipsy. She told him that he would adopt another profession, that he would be talked about and that before he was forty he would adopt a third profession and so become known to the whole world. The newly-ordained curate was horrified at prophecies which, he thought, oversbadowed his renunciation of the Church, but time has proved that his concern was without cause. He first took up literature, writing under the name of "Basil Forbes" he was also talked about; and he completed the prophecy by entering the lists as a dramatist.

THE VICAR'S THRASHING.

Not long ago the Rev. Forbes Phillips was holding a bazaar in aid of his church, when a daring and democratic fisherman, who was half-seas-over, insisted on entering the building. The crunch of his heavy sea-boots was heard in the porch, followed by his unwelcome presence inside the door. Then the clergyman-dramatist gave a display of muscular Christianity, with the tipsy fisherman as accessory, and in a few seconds the man was outside completely cured of his passion for bazaars. The applause from the bevy of girl-workers showed that the display had not been without its appreciative audience. A man once offered him the alternative of taking a thrashing or making an apology and giving £5 to a local charity. The vicar asked for the thrashing, and promised £10 to the same charitable institution if he did not send the challenger home in a cab.

RICHARD MANSFIELD'S FORTUNE.

He has died worth £180,000 (writes Mr. J. M. Glover the well-known composer), this fine charecter-actor whose name appears on the Drury Lane salary sheet at thirty shillings a week in the production of "A true Story" in 1887. I haggled with Mansfield on the plateform of Chester-station one Sunday in 1884 during a two hours' wait of the pinafore company as to whether I should pay him fifty shillings or three pounds for the libretto he had written of an operetta called "Ten Minutes for Refreshment." He was an artist of no mean spirit, a fine musican—was he not a son of the celebrated Madame Rudersdorff?—but he had an unfortunate knack of not agreeing with anybody and an ascetic temperament often misunderstood. London did not accept him as a star, yet America claimed him for its own. He wanted to die in England, and with that end lived this year on the Sussex hills, but a natural patriotism was overcome by the adopted "Home, Sweet Home" spirit, and he returned to America—carried on an ambulance on to the liner which bore him on his last journey.

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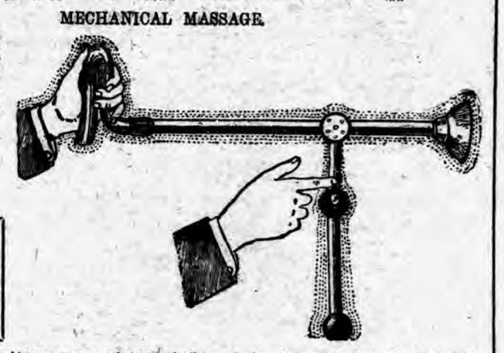

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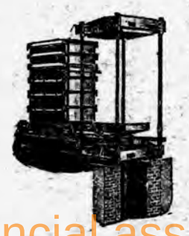

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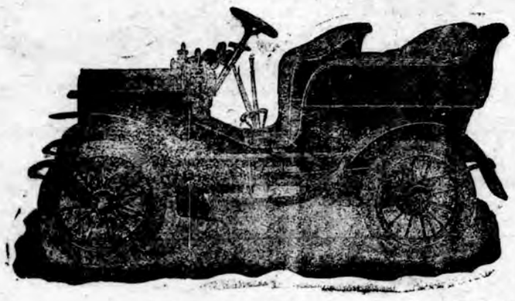

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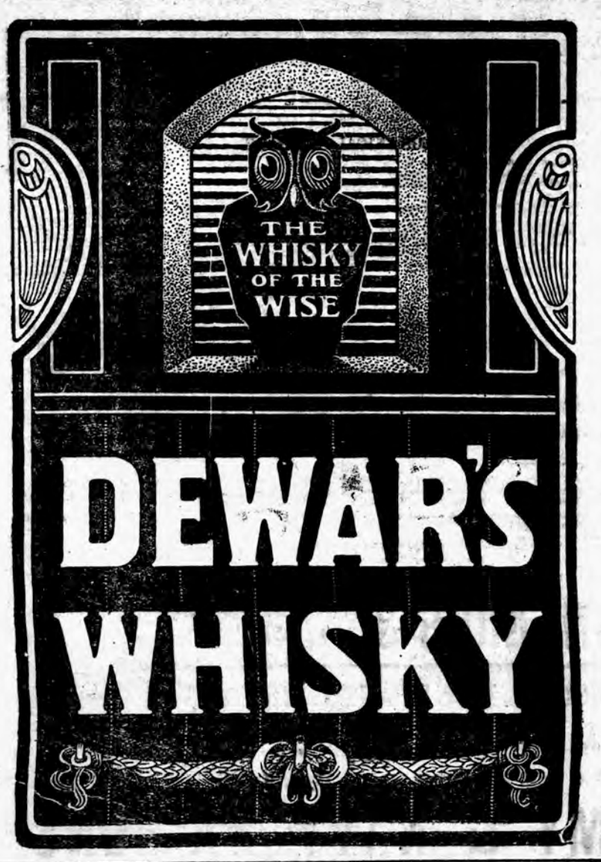

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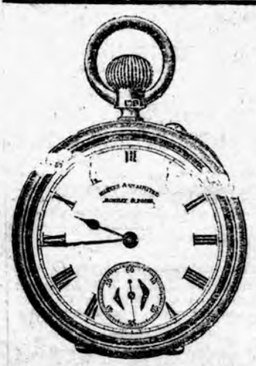

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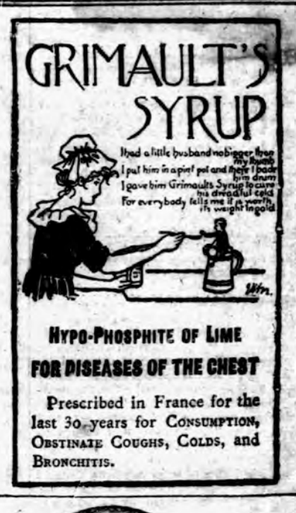
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